

MEGAFIL® Seamless
Flux- and Metal-cored
Welding Wires











ITW Welding -Your Route to Full Performance in Welding

We are passionate about welding and this is reflected by our unique offering to the market. When you use Hobart's best in class welding consumables or Miller's welding equipment, you will enjoy the most advanced and productive products.

Hobart is a recognized leader in the development of filler metal technologies and has the expertise to address the toughest welding challenges. Under this brand, we have been bringing together a wealth of welding expertise and consumables with unequalled welding performance since 1917.

Special wires have been developed to meet specific requirements of demanding industries, such as offshore, oil & gas and pipe mills. Hobart MIG/MAG welding consumables are manufactured using state-of-the-art production technology. They carry the name MEGAFIL® for the advanced range of low-hydrogen cored wires.

MEGAFIL® seamless flux and metal cored products are brought to the market supported by a dedicated team of specialists, capable of providing integrated welding solutions. Partnering with ITW Welding, you will have the deep knowledge and experience of our engineers at your side, along with fully equipped laboratories for sound application research.

ITW Welding is a total solution provider for welding processes, including welding heads, torches, tractors, orbital welding equipment, column & booms, ceramic backings, flux drying, handling equipment and preheating equipment. The offer includes engineering and automation and turnkey solutions, making us the ideal partner for one-stop shopping.

Contact us and discover ways to optimize your existing processes to their full potential.

MEGAFIL® – A PRODUCT OF HOBART – WELCOMES YOUR CHALLENGES

2nd Edition

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Disclaimer: The information contained herein is furnished for reference purposes only and is believed to be accurate and reliable. Typical data are those obtained when welding and testing are performed in accordance with prescribed standards and guidelines. Other tests may produce different results and typical data should not be assumed to yield similar results in a particular application or weldment. ITW Welding does not assume responsibility for any results obtained by persons over whose methods it has no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of any products or methods mentioned herein for a particular purpose. In light of the foregoing, ITW Welding specifically disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and further disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits.

MEGAFIL® Quick Selection Guide

Product	Features	Page
Non-alloy and f	ine grain steels	
MEGAFIL® 710 M	Metal-cored wire for non-alloyed steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	18
	Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) .	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas. CTOD tested -20° C.	
MEGAFIL® 240 M	Metal-cored wire with < 1.0% Ni for non-alloyed steels < 500 MPa yield strength.	19
	Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas. CTOD tested -20° C.	
MEGAFIL® 713 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire for non-alloyed steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	20
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
MEGAFIL® 716 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire for non-alloyed steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	21
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress	
	relief annealed. CTOD tested -20° C.	
MEGAFIL® 821 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with < 1.0% Ni for non-alloyed steels < 500 MPa yield strength.	22
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO_2).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress	
	relief annealed. CTOD tested -20° C.	
MEGAFIL® 822 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with < 1.0% Ni for non-alloyed steels < 500 MPa yield strength.	23
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 731 B	Basic flux-cored wire for non-alloyed steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	24
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal. Well suited for welding high carbon steels and critical mixed	
	base metal combinations. Ideal metallurgical choice for repair welding and buffer layers.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) and 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
MEGAFIL® 740 B	Basic flux-cored wire with < 1.0% Ni for non-alloyed steels < 500 MPa yield strength.	25
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal. Well suited for welding high carbon steels and critical	
	mixed base metal combinations. For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	
Weather resist	ing steels	
MEGAFIL® 281 M	$\label{eq:metal-cored} \textit{Metal-cored wire with} < 1.0\% \; \textit{Ni}, 0.5\% \; \textit{Cu} \; \textit{and} \; 0.5\% \; \textit{Cr} \; \textit{for weather proof steels} < 460 \; \textit{MPa yield strength}.$	26
	High deposition rate, excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C.	
	Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
MEGAFIL® 781 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with < 1.0% Ni and 0.5% Cu for weatherproof steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	27
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	

Product	Features	Page
High-strength f	ine grain steels	
MEGAFIL® 940 M	Metal-cored wire with 2% Ni for high strength steel < 550 MPa yield strength.	28
	Particularely developed for welding shipbuilding steels such as HY80.	
	WIWEB approval and CTOD tested -40°C. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	
	Excellent impact toughness down to -60°C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 610 M	Metal-cored wire with 1.0% Ni for high strength steel < 620 MPa yield strength.	29
WEGAPIL 010 W	High deposition rate. Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	29
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 620 M	Metal-cored wire with 1,7% Ni for high strength steel < 620 MPa yield strength.	30
	High deposition rate. Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	
	Excellent impact toughness down to -60°C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 742 M	Metal-cored wire with Ni, Mo and Cr for high strength steel < 690 MPa yield strength.	31
	High deposition rate. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc. Suitable for robot applications.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 1100 M	Metal-cored wire with Ni, Mo and Cr for high strength steel < 960 (1100) MPa yield strength.	32
WEGALIE 1100 W	High deposition rate. Suitable for robot applications. Ideal for use in short arc and spray arc.	32
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 550 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with > 1.0% Ni for high strength steel < 550 MPa yield strength.	33
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (${\rm CO_2}$), 100% Carbon Dioxide (${\rm CO_2}$) possible.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 610 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with 1.0% Ni for high strength steel < 620 MPa yield strength.	34
WEGATTE OTO K	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	34
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 620 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with 1.7% Ni for high strength steel $<$ 620 MPa yield strength.	35
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 690 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire for high strength steel < 690 MPa yield strength.	36
LUAIIL UUU N	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	30
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® 610 B	Basic flux-cored wire with 1.0% Ni for high strength steels < 620 MPa yield strength.	37
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂). Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas.	

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Product	Features	Page
MEGAFIL® 742 B	Basic flux-cored wire with Ni, Mo and Cr for high strength steel < 690 MPa yield strength.	38
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -60° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress relief annealed.	
MEGAFIL® 745 B	Basic flux-cored wire with Ni, Mo and Cr for high strength steel < 960 (1100) MPa yield strength.	39
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
Quenched and	tempered steels	
MEGAFIL® 807 M	Metal-cored wire for non-alloyed steels < 890 MPa yield strength and temperable,	40
	high-strength fine grain structural steels < 700 MPa such as 25CrMo4; 34CrMo4; 28NiCrMo5-5;	
	42CrMo4 typically ASTM A 829 M.	
Creep resisting	steels	
MEGAFIL® 235 M	Metal-cored wire with 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	41
	Good arc restriking even with cold wire tip, suitable for robot applications.	
	Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc. Excellent gap bridging for root welding.	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of Mo-steels up to 500° C (932° F).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas.	
MEGAFIL® P36 M	Metal-cored wire with 1.0% Ni and 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 550 MPa yield strength.	42
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Excellent gap bridging for root welding. Well suited for steels such as 20MnMoNi4-5 / 15NiCuMoNb5 (WB36).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress relief annealed.	
MEGAFIL® 236 M	Metal-cored wire with 1.0% Cr and 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	43
	Good arc restriking even with cold wire tip, suitable for robot applications.	
	Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc. Excellent gap bridging for root welding.	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of CrMo-steels up to 550° C (1022° F).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -20° C with mixed gas, stress relief annealed.	
MEGAFIL® 237 M	Metal-cored wire with 2.25% Cr and 1.0% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	44
	Good arc restriking even with cold wire tip, suitable for robot applications.	
	Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc. High-efficiency type for economic production of	
	creep resisting steels and pressure-hydrogen-resistant 2 ¹ / ₄ Cr1Mo-steels.	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -20° C with mixed gas, stress relief annealed.	

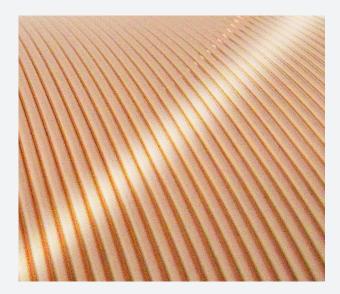
Product	Features	Page
MEGAFIL® P5 M	Metal-cored wire with 5.0% Cr and 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	45
	Good arc restriking even with cold wire tip, suitable for robot applications.	
	Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc. High-efficiency type for economic production of	
	creep resisting steels and pressure-hydrogen-resistant 5Cr1Mo-steels.	
MEGAFIL® 825 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	46
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance.	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of Mo-steels up to 500° C (932° F).	
MEGAFIL® 836 R	Micro-alloyed rutile flux-cored wire with 1.0% Cr and 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	47
	Rapidly solidifying slag for higher deposition rate in all position welding.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of CrMo-steels up to 550° C (1022° F).	
MEGAFIL® 735 B	Basic flux-cored wire with 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength.	48
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO_2).	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of Mo-steels up to 500° C (932° F).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress relief annealed.	
MEGAFIL® P36 B	Basic flux-cored wire with 1.0% Ni and 0.5% Mo for high strength steel < 550 MPa yield strength.	49
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal. Well suited for steels such as 20MnMoNi4-5 / 15NiCuMoNb5 (WB36).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas, as welded and stress relief annealed.	
MEGAEU & 700 B	Decision was decision with 4 000 Occasion 500 May for example and the state of the	50
MEGAFIL® 736 B	Basic flux-cored wire with 1.0% Cr and 0.5% Mo for creep resisting steels < 460 MPa yield strength. Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	50
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	High-efficiency type for economic production of CrMo-steels up to 550° C (1022° F).	
	Excellent impact toughness properties down to -40° C with mixed gas, stress relief annealed.	
MEGAFIL® 737 B	Basic flux-cored wire with 2.25% Cr and 1.0% Mo for creep resisting steels < 550 MPa yield strength.	51
	High-efficiency type for economic production of creep resistant steels and pressure-hydrogen-resistant steels.	
	For mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	
	Extremely crack resistant weld metal.	

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Product	Features	Page
Hardfacing		
MEGAFIL® A 220 M	Metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	73
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 20-30 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 730 M	Metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	74
MEGALIE A 700 M	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to impact and shock.	1-7
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 25-35 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 740 M	Metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	75
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 35-45 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 750 M	Metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	76
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 45-55 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 760 M	Metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (${\rm CO_2}$).	77
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 55-65 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 760 B	Basic flux-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂).	78
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 3rd layer: 55-65 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 861 M	High alloyed motal cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed see 75 95% Argon (Ar) / Ralance Carbon	79
WEGAFIL A GOT W	High-alloyed metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) / Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂). Can also be used without shielding gas.	19
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to abrasion and heavy impact and shock.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 2nd layer: 56-64 HRC.	
	,	
MEGAFIL® A 863 M	High-alloyed metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon Ar) /Balance Carbon	80
	Dioxide (CO ₂). Can also be used without shielding gas.	
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to abrasion.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 2nd layer: 58-66 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 864 M	High-alloyed metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon	81
	Dioxide (CO ₂). Can also be used without shielding gas.	
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to abrasion.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 2nd layer: 60-68 HRC.	
MEGAFIL® A 867 M	High-alloyed metal-cored wire for Hardfacing using mixed gas 75-85% Argon (Ar) /Balance Carbon	82
	Dioxide (CO ₂). Can also be used without shielding gas.	
	Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to abrasion.	
	Hardness of the pure weld metal from the 2nd layer: 62-70HRC.	

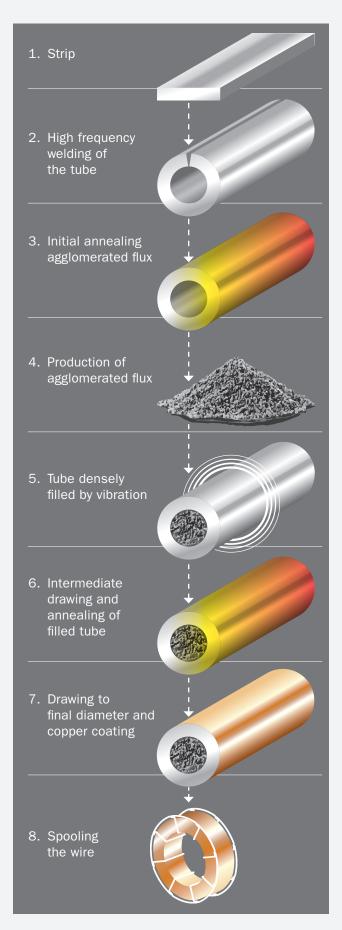
MEGAFIL® Seamless Cored Wires Production Technology

The unique production technology ITW Welding utilizes to manufacture MEGAFIL seamless flux- and metal-cored wires results in valuable product benefits for end users. Strips are folded round, closed by high frequency welding and drawn to filling diameter.



In the next step, the tube is filled with agglomerated flux by means of a vibration system. In several steps the wire is annealed, drawn to final diameter and finally copper-coated.

Subsequently, the wire is precision layer-wound onto various spool sizes. The result is a full penetration closed cored wire with an extremely dry flux core, which is totally insensitive for moisture reabsorption during storage and use.



MEGAFIL® Characteristics and Advantages

Guaranteed no moisture pick-up

MEGAFIL® seamless flux- and metal-cored wires are closed by full penetration welding and totally insensitive to moisture absorption, even under extreme climatic conditions with tropical temperatures and very high relative humidity. The filling remains dry throughout the entire process of storage and use in welded fabrication, preventing hydrogen induced cracking caused by moisture in the consumable. MEGAFIL® cored wires require no special storage conditions.

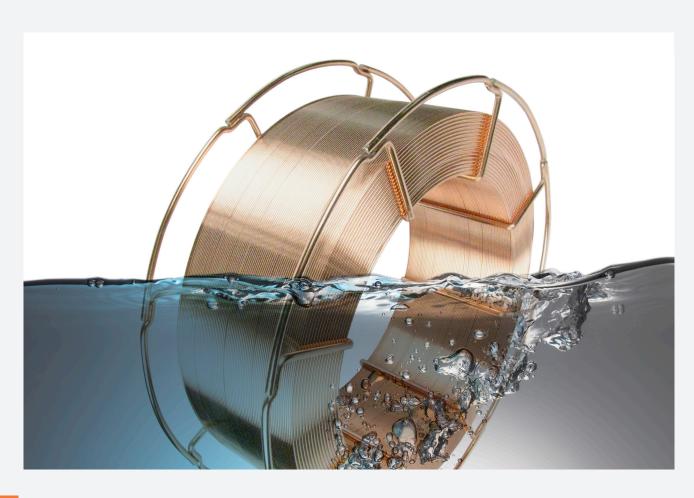
Re-drying prior to use is never necessary.

The special MEGAFIL® manufacturing technology enables production of cored wires with these and other unique advantages for end users.

 Prevention of hydrogen induced cracking.
 Weld metal hydrogen content tested according to EN and AWS is below 4 ml/100 g weld metal.
 Typical values below H3.

- No special storage conditions required.
 Can be stored like solid wires for an indefinite period, without any risk of moisture absorption.
- Re-drying not necessary even after storage under humid conditions.
- Resistance to moisture pick-up when mounted on wire feeder, out of packaging.
- No discontinuities in the filling dependable weld metal properties.
- Copper-coating for optimal current transfer from contact tip to wire and for low contact tip wear.
- Carefully controlled cast, helix and diameter gives good wire feeding and straight delivery at contact tip.
 Ideal for robotic welding.

MEGAFIL® flux- and metal-cored wires are available for all construction steel qualities with a wide range of approvals from authorities such as ABS, DNV, LR and TÜV. Wires can be supplied with 3.1 certificates for chemical composition and mechanical properties.



Product Overview MEGAFIL® Seamless Cored Wires

Joint Welding

Non-alloy and fine grain steels				
Туре	EN ISO 17632	AWS	AWS A5.36	Page
MEGAFIL® 710 M	T 46 6 M M 1 H5	AWS A5.18: E70C-6M H4	E71T15-M21A8-CS1-H4	18
MEGAFIL® 240 M	T 50 6 1Ni M M 1 H5	AWS A5.28: E80C-Ni1 H4	E81T15-M21A8-Mi1-H4	19
MEGAFIL® 713 R	M21: T 46 4 P M 1 H5	AWS A5.20: M21: E71T-1M-J H4,	M21: E71T1-M21A4-CS1-H4	20
	CO ₂ : T 46 2 P C 1 H5	AWS A5.20: CO ₂ : E71T-1C-J H4	CO ₂ : E71T1-C1A0-CS1-H4	
MEGAFIL® 716 R	T 46 6 P M 1 H5	AWS A5.20: E71T-9M-J H4	E71T1-M21A8-CS1-H4	21
MEGAFIL® 821 R	T 50 6 1Ni P M 1 H5	AWS A5.29: E81T1-Ni1M-J H4	E81T1-M21A8-NI1-H4	22
MEGAFIL® 822 R	CO ₂ : T 46 4 1Ni P C 1 H5	AWS A5.29: CO ₂ : E81T1-Ni1C-J H4	CO ₂ : E81T1-C1A4-Ni1-H4	23
	M21: T 50 6 1Ni P M 1 H5	AWS A5.29: M21: E81T1-Ni1M-J H4	M21: E81T1-M21A8-Ni1-H4	
MEGAFIL® 731 B	M21: T 46 6 B M 3 H5		M21: E70T5-M21A8-CS1-H4	24
	CO ₂ : T 42 4 B C 3 H5		CO ₂ : E70T5-C1A4-CS1-H4	
MEGAFIL® 740 B	T 50 6 1Ni B M 3 H5	AWS A5.29: E80T5-Ni1M-J H4	E80T5-M21A8-Ni1-H4	25

Weather resisting steels				
Туре	EN ISO 17632	AWS	AWS A5.36	Page
MEGAFIL® 281 M	T 46 4 Z M M 1 H5	AWS A5.28: E80C-W2 H4	E81T15-M21A4-W2-H4	26
MEGAFIL® 781 R	T 46 4 Z P M 1 H5	AWS A5.29: E81T1-G H4	E81T1-M21A4-G-H4	27

High-strength fin	e grain steels			
Туре	EN ISO 18276	AWS	AWS A5.36	Page
MEGAFIL® 940 M	T 55 6 Mn2,5Ni M M21 1 H5		E91T15-M21A8-K7-H4	28
MEGAFIL® 610 M	T 62 6 Mn1Ni M M21 1 H5		E101T15-M21A8-K2-H4	29
MEGAFIL® 620 M	T 62 6 Mn1,5Ni M M21 1 H5		E101T15-M21A8-K2-H4	30
MEGAFIL® 742 M	T 69 6 Mn2NiCrMo M M21 1 H5	AWS A5.28: E110C-K4 H4	E111T15-M21A8-K4-H4	31
MEGAFIL® 1100 M	T 89 4 Mn2Ni1CrMo M M21 1 H5	AWS A5.28: ~ E120C-K4 H4	E131T15-M21A4-K4-H4	32
MEGAFIL® 550 R	T 55 6 Mn1,5Ni P M1 H5	AWS A5.29: E91T1-K2M-J H4	E91T1-M21A8-K2-H4	33
MEGAFIL® 610 R	T 62 4 Mn1Ni P M21 1 H5		E101T1-M21A4-K2-H4	34
MEGAFIL® 620 R	T 62 4 Mn1,5Ni P M21 1 H5	AWS A5.29: E101T1-K2M H4	E101T1-M21A4-K2-H4	35
MEGAFIL® 690 R	T 69 6 Z P M21 1 H5	AWS A5.29: E111T1-G M-J H4	E111T1-M21A4-G-H4	36
MEGAFIL® 610 B	T 62 6 Mn1Ni B M21 3 H5		E100T5-M21A8-K2-H4	37
MEGAFIL® 742 B	T 69 6 Mn2NiCrMo B M21 3 H5	AWS A5.29: E110T5-K4M H4	E110T5-M21A8-K4-H4	38
MEGAFIL® 745 B	T 89 4 Mn2Ni1CrMo B M21 3 H5		E130T5-M21A4-K4-H4	39

Product Overview MEGAFIL® Seamless Cored Wires

Quenched and t	Quenched and tempered steels				
Туре	EN ISO 18276	AWS	AWS A5.36	Page	
MEGAFIL® 807 M	T 69 0 Z M M21 1 H5		E111T15-M21P0-G-H4	40	
	T 89 0 Z M M21 1 H5		E131T15-M21A0-G-H4		

Creep resisting steels					
Туре	EN ISO 17634	EN ISO 18276	AWS	AWS A5.36	Page
MEGAFIL® 235 M	T Mo M M21 1 H5		AWS A5.28: E80C-G H4	E81T15-M21P4-A1-H4	41
MEGAFIL® P36 M	T Z M M21 1 H5	T 55 4 1NiMo M M21 1 H5		E91T15-M21P4-K1-H4	42
MEGAFIL® 236 M	T CrMo1 M M21 1 H5		AWS A5.28: E80C-B2 H4	E81T15-M21P4-B2-H4	43
MEGAFIL® 237 M	T CrMo2 M M21 1 H5		AWS A5.28: E90C-B3 H4	E91T15-M21P0-B3-H4	44
MEGAFIL® P5 M	T CrMo5 M M21 1 H5		AWS A5.28: E80C-B6 H4	E81T15-M21P0-B6-H4	45
MEGAFIL® 825 R	T MoL P M21 1 H5		AWS A5.29: E81T1-A1M H4	E81T1-M21PY-A1-H4	46
MEGAFIL® 836 R	T CrMo1 P M21 1 H5		AWS A5.29: E81T1-B2M H4	E81T1-M21PY-B2-H4	47
MEGAFIL® 735 B	T Mo B M21 3 H5		AWS A5.29: E80T5-G H4	E80T5-M21P4-A1-H4	48
MEGAFIL® P36 B	T Z B M21 3 H5	T 55 4 1NiMo B M21 3 H5		E90T5-M21P4-K1-H4	49
MEGAFIL® 736 B	T CrMo1 B M21 3 H5		AWS A5.29: E80T5-B2M H4	E80T5-M21P4-B2-H4	50
MEGAFIL® 737 B	T CrMo2 B M21 3 H5		AWS A5.29: E90T5-B3M H4	E90T5-M21P0-B3-H4	51

Product Overview MEGAFIL® Seamless Cored Wires

Hardfacing

Туре	EN ISO 14700	Page Page
MEGAFIL® A 220 M	T Fe9	74
MEGAFIL® A 730 M	T Fe1	75
MEGAFIL® A 740 M	T Z Fe2	76
MEGAFIL® A 750 M	T Z Fe2	77
MEGAFIL® A 760 M	T Fe2	78
MEGAFIL® A 760 B	T Fe2	79
MEGAFIL® A 861 M	T Fe8	80
MEGAFIL® A 863 M	T Z Fe14	81
MEGAFIL® A 864 M	T Fe13	82
MEGAFIL® A 867 M	T Z Fe13	83

Storage and Handling Recommendations

MEGAFIL® seamless flux- and metal-cored wires are totally insensitive to moisture absorption. They can be stored for an indefinite period of time. Like solid wire, however, they are copper-coated and direct contact with any liquid - particularly water - must be avoided to prevent the formation of rust on the wire surface. Rust is a potential source of weld metal hydrogen, but it can also cause poor wire feeding.

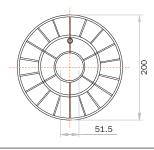
It is therefore recommended to store MEGAFIL® wires in a dry area - away from weather influences - and in their original packaging. Any sudden drop in temperature should be avoided to prevent the formation of condensate water. It is sufficient to slightly warm the storeroom during winter months. Partly used wire spools must be re-packed in their original plastic bag, carefully sealed, and stored in their original cardboard boxes.

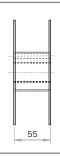
Summarized MEGAFIL® storage and handling recommendations are:

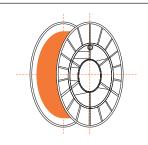
- Store wires under dry conditions in the original sealed packaging.
- Avoid contact between wire and substances such as water or any other kind of liquid or vapour, oil, grease or corrosion.
- Do not touch the wire surface with bare hands.
- Avoid exposure of the wire below dew point.
- Do not leave unprotected wire spools in workshops overnight.
- Store the wire in its original plastic bag and box when not used.
- Apply first in first out for stocked wires.

Packaging

Wire or plastic basket spools

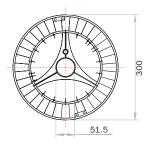


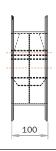


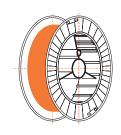


Plastic spool KD 200

Diameter: 200 mm Widht: 55 mm Suitable for a 50 hub

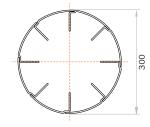




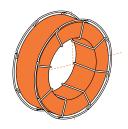


Plastic spool KD 300

Diameter: 300 mm Widht: 103 mm Suitable for a 50 hub

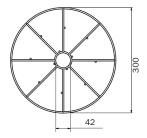






Basket spool K 300

Diameter: 300 mm Widht: 98 mm Suitable for a 50 hub



Other types on request

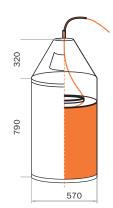




Basket spool K 3000

Diameter: 300 mm Widht: 98 mm Suitable for a 50 hub

Drum



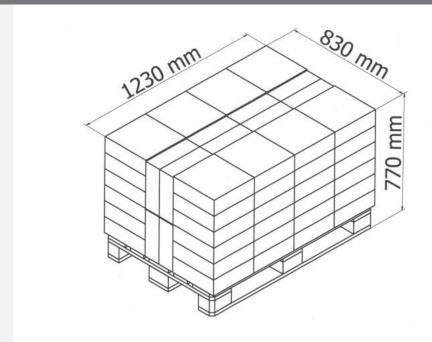
Diameter: 570 mm Weight: 300 kg

ø 1.0 mm - 1.4 mm = 300 kg

 \emptyset 1.6 mm = 250 kg

Packing Information

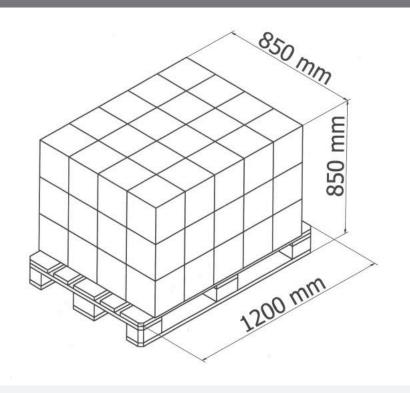
For spool type K 300 / KD 300 / K 3000



64 spools per Euro-Pallet

Net-weight: 1024 kg

For spool type KD 200



240 spools in 60 cartons per Euro-Pallet

Net-weight: 1200 kg

Joint Welding



MEGAFIL® 710 M



AWS A5.18: E70C-6M H4

AWS A5.36: E71T15-M21A8-CS1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 46 6 M M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · CTOD tested -20°C
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- Root welding without backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); SHIELDING GAS

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 2.4 mm (0.039 - 3/32")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X42 - X60

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.5	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.7	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	530 (77)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	28%	26%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	140 (103)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	100 (74)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, BV, LR, ABS, CWB, DNV-GL, RINA

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 240 M



AWS A5.28: E80C-Ni1 H4

AWS A5.36: E81T15-M21A8-Ni1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 50 6 1Ni M M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

BENEFITS

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · CTOD tested -20°C
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂);

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S185 - S500, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6, A 516
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235GH - P485GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P500NL2; L210 - L485MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S235 - S500QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	X42 - X70

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0.9
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.7	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO_a)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	560 - 720 (81 - 104)
Yield strength Rp0.2	550 (80)	> 500 (73)
Expansion A5	27 %	24 %

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	90 (66)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, DNV-GL

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 713 R



AWS A5.20: M21: E71T-1M-J H4

AWS A5.36: M21: E71T1-M21A4-CS1-H4

EN ISO 17632-A: M21: T 46 4 P M 1 H5

CO₂: E71T-1C-J H4

CO₃: E71T1-C1A0-CS1-H4

CO₃: T 46 2 P C 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- · Good impact toughness
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- **BENEFITS**
- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Excellent all position welding
- Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · Root welding on ceramic backing
- Automatic root welding on ceramic backing

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂);

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 2.4 mm (0.039 - 3/32")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X42 - X60

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	530 (77)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	26%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2 and 100% CO2)

Mechanical Tests	Typical value	s [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specifica	tion [J] (ft.lbf)
	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂
-20° C	100 (74)	70 (52)	> 47 (35)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	70 (52)		> 47 (35)	

MEGAFIL® 716 R



AWS A5.20: E71T-9M-J H4

AWS A5.36: E71T1-M21A8-CS1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 46 6 P M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

STORAGE

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · CTOD tested -20°C
- · Root welding on ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding on ceramic backing

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂);

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X42 - X60

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0.4
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 670 (80 - 97)
Yield strength Rp0.2	530 (77)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	27%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2 and 100% CO2)

Mechanical Tests	Typical v	alues [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Spec	ification [J] (ft.lbf)
	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂
-40° C	100 (74)	60 (44)	> 47 (35)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	70 (52)		> 47 (35)	

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, DNV-GL

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 821 R



AWS A5.29: E81T1-Ni1M-J H4 AWS A5.36: E81T1-M21A8-Ni1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 50 6 1Ni P M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- · Good impact toughness
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · CTOD tested -20°C
- · Root welding on ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding on ceramic backing

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE

STORAGE

TYPE OF CURRENT

Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

STANDARD DIAMETERS

Ø 1.0 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 46
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235GH - P485GH up to A516; A537; A455
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P485NL2; L210 - L485MB up to A 572
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S235 - S500(NL1,2) up to A 572
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	X42 - X70

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0.9
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)		
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 690 (80 - 100)		
Yield strength Rp0.2	550 (80)	> 500 (73)		
Expansion A5	26%	22%		
The specified values apply to the as-welded and stress-relieved condition (580°C/120min)				

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
-40° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)	
-60° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the as-welded and stress-relieved condition (580°C/120min)			

MEGAFIL® 822 R



AWS A5.29: CO₂: E81T1-Ni1C-J H4 AWS A5.36: CO₂: E81T1-C1A4-Ni1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: CO₂: T 46 4 1Ni P C 1 H5

M21: E81T1-Ni1M-J H4 M21: E81T1-M21A8-Ni1-H4 M21: T 50 6 1Ni P M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · Root welding on ceramic backing
- Automatic root welding on ceramic backing

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂);

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 46
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235GH - P485GH up to A516; A537; A455
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P485NL2; L210 - L485MB up to A 572
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S235 - S500(NL1,2) up to A 572
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	X42 - X70

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0,8
Manganese (Mn)	1.2	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	550 (80)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	26%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂ and 100 % CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical value	s [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specifica	ation [J] (ft.lbf)
	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂
-40° C	90 (66)	60 (44)	> 47 (35)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	60 (44)		> 47 (35)	

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, LR, ABS, DNV-GL

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 731 B



AWS A5.20: M21: E70T-5M-J H4

AWS A5.36: M21: E70T5-M21A8-CS1-H4

EN ISO 17632-A: M21: T 46 6 B M 3 H5

CO₂: E70T-5C-J H4

CO₃: E70T5-C1A4-CS1-H4

CO₂: T 42 4 B C 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

BENEFITS

- · Basic slag system
- Low hydrogen weld deposit Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent low temperature impacts
- Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Provides increased toughness
- · For high carbon steels and dissimilar welds with critical weldability
- · For buffer layers

- **APPLICATIONS**
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- Heavy fabrication
- · Severe service
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Railroad rails
- · Earthmoving equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); SHIELDING GAS

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 46
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X42 - X60

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.4	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	530 (77)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	27%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2 and 100 % CO2)

Mechanical Tests	Typical val	ues [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specif	ication [J] (ft.lbf)
	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂
-40° C	140 (103)	100 (74)	> 47 (35)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	100 (74)		> 47 (35)	

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, BV, DNV, ABS, DNV-GL

MEGAFIL® 740 B



AWS A5.29: E80T5-Ni1M-J H4 AWS A5.36: E80T5-M21A8-Ni1-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 50 6 1Ni B M 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

· Basic slag system

- · Low hydrogen weld deposit
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- · Excellent low temperature impacts
- Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Provides increased toughness
- · For high carbon steels and dissimilar welds with critical weldability
- · For buffer layers

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Heavy fabrication
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Earthmoving equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); SHIELDING GAS

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.045 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) **RE-DRYING** Not required due to seamless wire design

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

STORAGE

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S185 - S500, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6, A 516
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235GH - P485GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P500NL2; L210 - L485MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	S235 - S500QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 500 MPa	X42 - X70

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0,9
Manganese (Mn)	1.2	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.4	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	550 (80)	> 500 (73)
Expansion A5	27%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	130 (96)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	100 (74)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 281 M



AWS A5.28: E80C-W2 H4

AWS A5.36: E81T15-M21A4-W2-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 46 4 Z M M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

TYPE OF CURRENT

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improved productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Weather resistant steels
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · General fabrication
- · Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Automatic and mechanized welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) Ø 1.0 - 1.2 mm (0.039 - 0.045")

STANDARD DIAMETERS

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Weather resistant steels	CuNi-alloyed steels	S235JRW - S355JRW; 9CrNiCuP3-2-4, A 572, A 588 oder A 709 Gr 50W
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	0.7
Manganese (Mn)	1.2	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.7	Chromium (Cr)	0.5
Sulphur (S)	0.015	Copper (Cu)	0.5
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	630 (91)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	550 (80)	> 470 (68)
Expansion A5	25%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	100 (74)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	70 (52)	> 47 (35)

MEGAFIL® 781 R



AWS A5.29: E81T1-G H4

AWS A5.36: E81T1-M21A4-G-H4 EN ISO 17632-A: T 46 4 Z P M 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · Root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding with ceramic backing

- **APPLICATIONS** · Weather resistant steels
- · Steel structures
- Offshore structures
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · General fabrication
- · Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Automatic and mechanized welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.045 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Weather resistant steels	CuNi-alloyed steels	S235JRW - S355JRW; 9CrNiCuP3-2-4, A 572, A 588 oder A 709 Gr 50W
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	1.0
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015	Copper (Cu)	0.5
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	570 (83)	> 460 (67)
Expansion A5	24%	22%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 940 M



AWS A5.36: E91T15-M21A8-K7-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 55 6 Mn2,5Ni M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

STORAGE

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- BWB-WIWEB Approval
- · CTOD tested -40°C
- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	15NiCrMo10-6, G19NiCrMo12-6 (HY80)
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460N - L2; L210 - L550MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	S255(NL 1/2) - S550(QL /1)
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	up to X80

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	2.2
Manganese (Mn)	1.4	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.010		
Phosphorus (P)	0.010		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	690 (100)	640 - 780 (93 - 113)
Yield strength Rp0.2	600 (87)	> 550 (80)
Expansion A5	23%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	100 (74)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: BWB-WIWEB

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 610 M



AWS A5.36: E101T15-M21A8-K2-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 62 6 Mn1Ni M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.2 mm (0.039 - 0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	A 517, A537
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500GH - P620GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500T1/T2 - P620NL2 - L620MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	S500 - S620QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	up to X90

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	1.1
Manganese (Mn)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0.2
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	750 (109)	690 - 830 (100 - 120)
Yield strength Rp0.2	670 (97)	> 620 (90)
Expansion A5	21%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 620 M



AWS A5.36: E101T15-M21A8-K2-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 62 6 Mn1,5Ni M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	A 517, A 537
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500GH - P620GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500T1/T2 - P620NL2 - L620MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	S500 - S620QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	up to X90

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	1.7
Manganese (Mn)	1.4	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0,2
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	750 (109)	690 - 890 (100 - 129)
Yield strength Rp0.2	670 (97)	> 620 (90)
Expansion A5	21%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 742 M



AWS A5.28: E110C-K4 H4

AWS A5.36: E111T15-M21A8-K4-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 69 6 Mn2NiCrMo M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · BWB-WIWEB Approval
- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

- **APPLICATIONS**
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.2 mm (0.039 - 0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S690, A 106, A 600
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P620GH - P620GH up to A517; A537; A625
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P620 - P690
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S620QLI up to A 625
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	X70 - X100 / HY100

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Nickel (Ni)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	2.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Chromium (Cr)	0.4	Chromium (Cr)	0.5
Schwefel (S)	0.015		
Phosphor (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	820 (119) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	770 - 940 (112 - 136)
Yield strength Rp0.2	750 (109) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	> 690 (100)
Expansion A5	20%	17%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	120 (89)	> 69 (51)
-60° C	90 (66)	> 69 (51)

APPROVALS: TÜV, LR, DNV-GL, ABS, BV, BWB-WIWEB

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 1100 M



AWS A5.28: ~ E120C-K4 H4

AWS A5.36: E131T15-M21A4-K4-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 89 4 Mn2NiCrMo M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- Root welding without backing
- · Automatic root welding possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

TM pipesteels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	up to S890QL1
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	X120
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	S890 - S1100QL1
ASTM	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	A517

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	2.6
Manganese (Mn)	1.5	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.6
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	0.6
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	1050 (152) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	940 - 1040 (136 - 151)
Yield strength Rp0.2	1000 (145) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	> 890 (129)
Expansion A5	17%	15%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	60 (44)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 550 R



AWS A5.29: M21: E91T1-K2M-J H4 AWS A5.36: M21: E91T1-M21A8-K2-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: M21: T 55 6 Mn1,5Ni P M21 1 H5

CO₂: E91T1-K2C-J H4 CO₃: E91T1-C1A8-K2-H4

CO₂: T 55 6 Mn1,5Ni P C1 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES BENEFITS

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · Root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); 100% Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) possible;

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 46
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	S185 - S550, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	P235GH - P550GH bis A516; A537; A455
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P550NL2; L210 - L550MB bis A 572
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	S235 - S550QL1 bis A 572
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 550 MPa	X42 - X80

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.08	Nickel (Ni)	1.5
Manganese (Mn)	1.5	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0.2
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	700 (102)	640 - 820 (93 - 119)
Yield strength Rp0.2	620 (90)	> 550 (80)
Expansion A5	24%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO, and 100 % CO,)

Mechanical Tests	Typical v	alues [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specif	ication [J] (ft.lbf)
	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂	82% Ar / 18% CO ₂	100% CO ₂
-40° C	120 (89)		> 55 (41)	
-60° C	90 (66)	80 J	> 55 (41)	> 47 J

APPROVALS: LR, DNV, ABS, DNV-GL

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 610 R



AWS A5.36: E101T1-M21A4-K2-H4 EN ISO 18276-A: T 62 4 Mn1Ni P M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- · Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- · Good impact toughness
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- Root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding with ceramic backing

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipeline
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂);

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Rel ≤ 620 MPa	A517, A537
Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500GH - P620GH
Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500T1/T2 - P620NL2 - L620MB
Rel ≤ 620 MPa	S500 - S620QL1
Rel ≤ 620 MPa	up to X90
	Rel ≤ 620 MPa Rel ≤ 620 MPa Rel ≤ 620 MPa

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.08	Nickel (Ni)	1.1
Manganese (Mn)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0.2
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO.)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	750 (109)	690 - 830 (100 - 120)
Yield strength Rp0.2	670 (97)	> 620 (90)
Expansion A5	21%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	55 (40)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 620 R



AWS A5.29: E101T1-K2M H4

AWS A5.36: E101T1-M21A4-K2-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 62 4 Mn1,5Ni P M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Excellent all position welding
- · Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- · Root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	A517, A537
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500GH - P620GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500T1/T2 - P620NL2 - L620MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	S500 - S620QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	up to X90

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.08	Nickel (Ni)	1.7
Manganese (Mn)	1.4	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0.2
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	750 (109)	690 - 820 (100 - 119)
Yield strength Rp0.2	670 (97)	> 620 (90)
Expansion A5	21%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	110 (81)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	55 (40)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: LR, ABS

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 690 R



AWS A5.36: E111T1-M21A4-G-H4 EN ISO 18276-A: T 69 6 Z P M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Low fumes and spatter
- · Easy slag removal
- · Able to bridge poor fit-up without burn-through
- Good impact toughness
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimized risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Excellent all position welding
- Resists cracking in severe applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, minimizes risk of inclusions
- · Increases productivity, reduces part rework/ rejection
- Root welding with ceramic backing
- · Automatic root welding with ceramic backing

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

STANDARD DIAMETERS

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S690, A 106, A 600	
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P620GH - P690GH up to A517; A537; A625	
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P620T1/T2 - P690NL2 up to A 625	
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S629QL1 up to A 625	
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	X70 - X100 / HY100	

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.08	Nickel (Ni)	2.0
Manganese (Mn)	1.7	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.15
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	820 MPa (119) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	770 - 940 MPa (112 - 136)
Yield strength Rp0.2	750 MPa (109) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	> 690 MPa (100)
Expansion A5	18%	17%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	80 (59)	> 69 (51)
-60° C	60 (44)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: BV, LR, ABS, DNV-GL, TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 610 B



AWS A5.36: E100T5-M21A8-K2-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 62 6 Mn1Ni B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- · Basic slag system
- · Low hydrogen weld deposit
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent low temperature impacts
- · Low spatter loss

STORAGE

· Easy slag removal

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Provides increased toughness
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Heavy fabrication
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- Single and multi-pass welding
- Earthmoving equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) **SHIELDING GAS**

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	A 517, A537
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500GH - P620GH
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	P500T1/T2 - P620NL2 - L620MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	S500 - S620QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 620 MPa	up to X90

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	1.1
Manganese (Mn)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	< 0.2
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	750 (109)	690 - 830 (100 - 120)
Yield strength Rp0.2	670 (97)	> 620 (90)
Expansion A5	22%	18%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)
-60° C	90 (66)	> 47 (35)

APPROVALS: TÜV

MEGAFIL® 742 B



AWS A5.29: E110T5-K4M H4 AWS A5.36: E110T5-M21A8-K4-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 69 6 Mn2NiCrMo B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

BENEFITS

· Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking

- · No re-drying
- · Provides increased toughness
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Heavy fabrication
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Earthmoving equipment

 Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc · Excellent low temperature impacts

· Low spatter loss · Easy slag removal

· Basic slag system

· Low hydrogen weld deposit

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) SHIELDING GAS

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S690, A 106, A 600
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P620GH - P690GH up to A517; A537; A625
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	P6205T1/T2 - P690NL2; up to A 625
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	S620 - S690QL1 up to A 625
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 690 MPa	X70 - X100 / HY100

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	2.2
Manganese (Mn)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.4	Chromium (Cr)	0.5
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	820 (119) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	770 - 900 (112 - 131)
Yield strength Rp0.2	750 (109) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	> 690 (100)
Expansion A5	20%	17%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-40° C	120 (89)	> 69 (51)
-60° C	90 (66)	> 69 (51)

APPROVALS: TÜV, DB, LR, BV, ABS, DNV-GL

MEGAFIL® 745 B



AWS A5.36: E130T5-M21A4-K4-H4

EN ISO 18276-A: T 89 4 Mn2Ni1CrMo B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS

- · Basic slag system
- · Low hydrogen weld deposit
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent low temperature impacts
- Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- Provides increased toughness
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- · Heavy fabrication
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels
- · General fabrication
- Single and multi-pass welding
- Earthmoving equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

TM pipesteels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	up to S890QL1
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	to X120
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	S890 - S1100QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	A517

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	1.8
Manganese (Mn)	1.6	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.6
Silicon (Si)	0.4	Chromium (Cr)	0.5
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	1050 (152) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	940 - 1180 (136 - 171)
Yield strength Rp0.2	1000 (145) (with due regard of the 8/5 time)	> 890 (129)
Expansion A5	17%	15%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
-20° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)
-40° C	70 (52)	> 47 (35)

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 807 M



AWS A5.28: E110C-G H4 / ~E120C-G H4

AWS A5.36: E111T15-M21P0-G-H4 / E131T15-M21A0-G-H4 EN ISO 18276-A: T 69 0 Z M M21 1 H5 / T 89 0 Z M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate and efficiencies
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Heat treatable weld metal
- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Reduces clean-up time, improves productivity
- · Root welding without any backing
- Automatic root welding automatically possible

APPLICATIONS

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Offshore structures
- · Pipelines
- Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- Vessels
- · General fabrication
- · Heavy equipment
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) Not required due to seamless wire design

RE-DRYING STORAGE

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

TM pipesteels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	up to S890QL1
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	up to X120
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	S890 - S1100QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 890 MPa	A517
High strength fine grain structural steels (tempered)		25CrMo4; 34CrMo4; 28NiCrMo5-5; 42 CrMo4 typical ASTM A 829 M

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	2.3
Manganese (Mn)	1.7	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.6
Silicon (Si)	0.6	Chromium (Cr)	0.6
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Тур	pical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specifica	ation MPa (ksi)
	as welded / heat	as welded / heat treated 680°C (1256°F) / 120 min		680°C (1256°F) / 120 min
Tensile Strength Rm	980 (142)	900 (130)	940 - 1180 (136 - 171)	800 - 950 (116 - 138)
Yield strength Rp0.2	930 (135)	740 (107)	> 890 (129)	> 700 (102)
Expansion A5	17%	20%	15%	15%

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)
0° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)
-20° C	60 (44)	> 27 (20)

MEGAFIL® 235 M



AWS A5.28: E80C-G H4

AWS A5.36: E81T15-M21P4-A1-HA EN ISO 17634-A: T Mo M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- · High deposition rate
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic root welding possible
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Improved efficiency
- · Reduced cleaning time
- · Easy handling

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- · Pipelines
- · Non-alloy and fine grain steels
- · Vessels (Mo steels up to 500° C (932° F))
- · General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.6 mm (0.039 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Shipbuilding steels		A, B, D, AH 32 - EH 36
Unalloyed structural steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	S185 - S355, A 106 Gr.B, A 333 Gr.6
Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH, 16Mo3
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S235 - S460QL1
Steels to API-standard	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X42 - X70

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.1	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.7	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 690 (80 - 100)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	520 (75)	>470 (68)	
Expansion A5 26% 22%			
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
-20° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)	
-40° C	100 (74)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60 min)			

APPROVALS: TÜV. DB

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® P36 M



AWS A5.36: E91T15-M21P4-K1-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T Z M M21 1 H5

EN ISO 18276-A: T 55 4 1NiMo M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- High deposition rate
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- Suitable for robot applications
- Automatic root welding possible
- · Root welding without any backing
- · Improved efficiency
- · Reduced cleaning time
- Easy handling

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures

APPLICATIONS

- Pipelines
- · High-grade structural steels
- · Vessels (Mo steels up to 500° C (932° F))
- · General fabrication
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

High-grade structural steels	Rel ≤ 540 MPa	15NiCuMoNb5, 20MnMoNi4-5, 11NiMoV53, 17MnMoV6-4
*) The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.		

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	1.0
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.012		
Phosphorus (P)	0.010		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	650 (94)	640 - 760 (93 - 110)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	580 (84)	> 550 (80)	
Expansion A5 23% 18%			
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (620° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Timing values [1] (ft lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
Wechanical lests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	150 Specification [J] (It.ibi)	
-20° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)	
-40° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (620° C / 60 min)			

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 236 M



AWS A5.28: E80C-B2 H4

AWS A5.36: E81T15-M21P4-B2-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo1 M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES APPLICATIONS BENEFITS

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- · High deposition rate
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic root welding possible
- · Root-welding without any backing
- · Improved efficiency
- · Reduced cleaning time
- · Easy handling

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Steel structures
- Pipelines
- · Cast steels
- · Steam boilers and turbines (Mo steels up to 550° C (1022° F))
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.0 - 1.2 mm (0.039 - 0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

	Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	13CrMo4-5	
	Cast steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	G17CrMo5-5, G22CrMo5-4	
Ī	Similar alloyed heat treatable steels and similar alloyed cementation and nitrited steels.			

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	1.1
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 740 (80 - 107)
Yield strength Rp0.2	540 (78)	> 470 (68)
Expansion A5	24%	20%
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)		

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)		
RT	150 (110)	> 47 (35)		
-40° C	55 (41)	> 47 (35)		
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60min)				

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 237 M



AWS A5.28: E90C-B3 H4

AWS A5.36: E91T15-M21P0-B3-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo2 M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES BENEFITS

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- Good reignition characteristics
- Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc
- Excellent gap bridging for root welding
- · High deposition rate
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- Suitable for robot applications
- Automatic root welding possible
- · Root-welding without any backing
- · Improved efficiency
- · Reduced cleaning time
- Easy handling

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Construction of containers
- · Pipelines

APPLICATIONS

- Steam boilers and turbines (2 ¼ Cr1Mo steels)
- · Machine-building
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) **RE-DRYING** Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

boiler steels	Rel ≤ 540 MPa	10CrMo9-10, 12CrMo9-10	
*) The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding			
consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.			

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	1.1
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	2.3
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	650 (94)	620 - 760 (90 - 110)
Yield strength Rp0.2	560 (81)	> 540 (78)
Expansion A5	22%	18%
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)		

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)		
RT	130 (96)	> 47 (35)		
-20° C	90 (66)	> 47 (35)		
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)				

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® P5 M



AWS A5.28: E80C-B6 H4

· Good reignition characteristics

· High deposition rate

· Virtually no slag coverage

· Smooth arc characteristic

Ideal for use of short arc and spray arc

Excellent gap bridging for root welding

AWS A5.36: E81T15-M21P0-B6-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo5 M M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

STORAGE

BENEFITS

- Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
 - · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
 - Suitable for robot applications
 - · Automatic root-welding possible
 - · Root-welding without any backing
 - · Improved efficiency
 - · Reduced cleaning time
 - · Easy handling

- **APPLICATIONS**
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- Pumps and fittings
- · Creep & scale resistant steels up to 600° C (1112° F)
- · Steam turbines
- · Hydropower stations
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE

Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS

Ø 1.6 mm (1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

RE-DRYING

Not required due to seamless wire design The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

	Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	X12CrMo5
Ì	*) The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding		

consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-	
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.6	
Silicon (Si)	0.4	Chromium (Cr)	5.2	
Sulphur (S)	0.015			
Phosphorus (P)	0.015			

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm 610 (88)		590 - 690 (86 - 100)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	500 (73)	> 470 (68)	
Expansion A5 23%		20%	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (745° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)		
RT	100 (74)	> 47 (35)		
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (745° C / 60 min)				

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 825 R



AWS A5.29: E81T1-A1M H4 AWS A5.36: E81T1-M21PY-A1-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T MoL P M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









FEATURES

· Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit

- · Excellent weld puddle manipulation
- · Particularly suited for mechanized MAG welding
- · Ideal for all-position welding on ceramic backing
- · Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal
- · Smooth arc characteristic

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · Efficient out-of-position welding
- · Economic production
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time
- Easy handling

APPLICATIONS

- · Mechanized welding
- · Steel construction
- Vessels (Mo steels up to 500° C (932° F))
- · Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Mechanical engineering

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH, 16Mo3
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2, L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S255 - S460

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.1	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.5	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)
Yield strength Rp0.2	520 (75)	> 470 (68)
Expansion A5	23%	22%
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60 min)		

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
RT	80 (59)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60 min)			

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 836 R



AWS A5.29: E81T1-B2M H4 AWS A5.36: E81T1-M21PY-B2-H4

EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo1 P M21 1 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:









BENEFITS FEATURES APPLICATIONS

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Excellent weld puddle manipulation
- · Particularly suited for mechanized MAG welding
- Ideal for all-position welding on ceramic backing
- · Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · Efficient out-of-position welding
- · Economic production
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time
- · Easy handling

- · Mechanized welding
- · Construction of containers
- · Steam boilers and turbines
- (CrMo steels up to 550° C (1022° F))
- Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding
- · Mechanical engineering

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded rutile flux-cored wire with rapidly solidifying slag

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	13CrMo4-5
Cast steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	G17CrMo5-5, G22CrMo5-4

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	1.1
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	540 (78)	> 470 (68)	
Expansion A5	21%	20%	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
RT	70 (52)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 735 B



AWS A5.29: E80T5-G H4

AWS A5.36: E80T5-M21P4-A1-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T Mo B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Extremely clean weld puddle
- · Ideal for repair welding
- Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · High reserve of toughness and crack resistance
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time

- **APPLICATIONS** · Steel construction
- · Mechanical engineering
- $\cdot\,\,$ Vessels (Mo steels up to 500° C (932° F))
- · Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.045 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) **RE-DRYING** Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 355 MPa	P235GH - P355GH, 16Mo3
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	P235T1/T2 - P460NL2; L210 - L445MB
Fine grain structural steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	S255 - S460QL1

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.1	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	600 (87)	550 - 680 (80 - 99)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	520 (75)	> 470 (68)	
Expansion A5	26%	22%	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
-20° C	140 (103)	> 47 (35)	
-40° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (600° C / 60 min)			

APPROVALS: TÜV

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® P36 B



AWS A5.36: E90T5-M21P4-K1-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T Z B M21 3 H5

EN ISO 18276-A: T 55 4 1NiMo B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES APPLICATIONS

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Extremely clean weld puddle
- · Ideal for repair welding
- · Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · High reserve of toughness and crack resistance
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time

- · Mechanical engineering
- · Steel construction
- · Vessels (Mo steels up to 500° C (932° F))
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

High-grade structural steels	Rel ≤ 540 MPa	15NiCuMoNb5, 20MnMoNi4-5, 11NiMoV53, 17MnMoV6-4
*) The specified base materials are no	t complete and should only be s	seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	1.0
Manganese (Mn)	1.3	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	-
Sulphur (S)	0.012		
Phosphorus (P)	0.010		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	SO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	650 (94)	620 - 760 (90 - 110)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	580 (84)	> 550 (80)	
Expansion A5 24% 18%			
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (620° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
-20° C	120 (89)	> 47 (35)	
-40° C	80 (59)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (620° C / 60 min)			

^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MEGAFIL® 736 B



AWS A5.29: E80T5-B2M H4 AWS A5.36: E80T5-M21P4-B2-H4 EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo1 B M21 3 H5 **WELDING POSITIONS:**





FEATURES

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Extremely clean weld puddle
- · Ideal for repair welding
- Low spatter loss · Easy slag removal

BENEFITS

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · High reserve of toughness and crack resistance
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time

APPLICATIONS

- · Construction of containers · Boiler & machinery parts
- Steam boiler and turbines
- (CrMo steels up to 550° C (1022° F))
- Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.045 - 1/16")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec) Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE

The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

*Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	13CrMo4-5	
Pipe steels	Rel ≤ 460 MPa	G17CrMo5-5, G22CrMo5-4	
Similar alloyed heat treatable steels and similar alloyed cementation and nitrited steels.			

^{*)} The specified base materials are not complete and should only be seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Carbon (C)	0.05	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	1.1
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	620 (90)	550 - 690 (80 - 100)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	540 (78)	> 470 (68)	
Expansion A5	25%	20%	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
RT	160 (118)	> 47 (35)	
-40° C	70 (52)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

APPROVALS: TÜV

MEGAFIL® 737 B



AWS A5.29: E90T5-B3M H4 AWS A5.36: E90T5-M21P0-B3-H4

EN ISO 17634-A: T CrMo2 B M21 3 H5

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- · Extremely low diffusible hydrogen weld deposit
- · Extremely clean weld puddle
- · Ideal for repair welding
- · Low spatter loss
- · Easy slag removal
- · Heat treatable weld metal

- · Minimizes risk of hydrogen-induced cracking
- · High reserve of toughness and crack resistance
- · High flexibility
- · No additives needed
- · Reduced cleaning time
- · Step cooling possible

- · Construction of containers
- · Boiler & machinery parts
- Steam boiler and turbines (2 ¼ Cr1Mo steels)
- · Pipelines
- · Single and multi-pass welding

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Gas Flow 12-18 I/min (25-38 cfh)

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

TYPICAL DIFFUSIBLE HYDROGEN*

RE-DRYING

< 3.0 ml / 100 g; Guaranteed for the total processing time < 4.0 ml / 100 g maximum (AWS Spec)

Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

MATERIALS TO BE WELDED *)

Boiler steels	Rel ≤ 540 MPa	10CrMo9-10, 12CrMo9-10
*) The enecified base materials are not	complete and should only be s	seen as examples. The selection of the appropriate combination of steel and welding

ALL WELD METAL CHEMISTRY (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO2)

consumable should follow the specific mechanical strength and toughness requirements.

Carbon (C)	0.07	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.0	Molybdenum (Mo)	1.1
Silicon (Si)	0.3	Chromium (Cr)	2.3
Sulphur (S)	0.015		
Phosphorus (P)	0.015		

ALL WELD METAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical tests	Typical values MPa (ksi)	ISO Specification MPa (ksi)	
Tensile Strength Rm	650 (94)	620 - 760 (90 - 110)	
Yield strength Rp0.2	560 (81)	> 540 (78)	
Expansion A5 22% 18%			
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

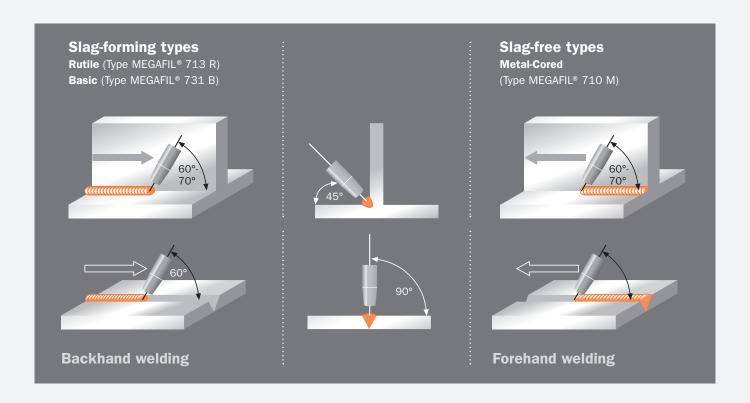
CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT VALUES (for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Mechanical Tests	Typical values [J] (ft.lbf)	ISO Specification [J] (ft.lbf)	
RT	130 (96)	> 47 (35)	
-20° C	90 (66)	> 47 (35)	
The specified values apply to the stress-relieved condition (690° C / 60 min)			

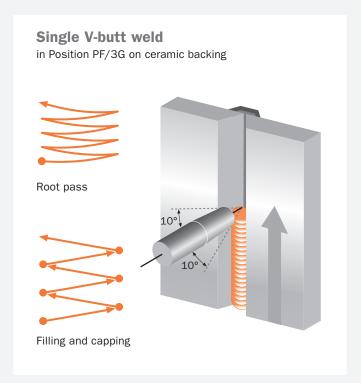
APPROVALS: TÜV

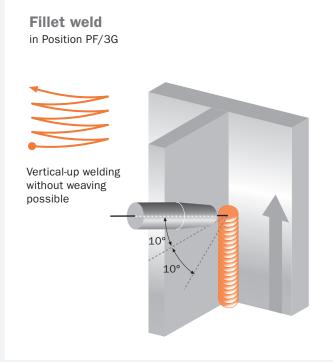
^{*}Measurement technique is the carrier gas method according to AWS and ISO

Torch Angle and Handling



Positional Welding with MEGAFIL® Rutile Flux-Cored Wires





Use of Ceramic Backing Material

Ceramic backing is used to provide weld metal support when welding from one side only. It is an extremely effective way to rationalise welding procedures, improve root pass quality and reduce production costs.

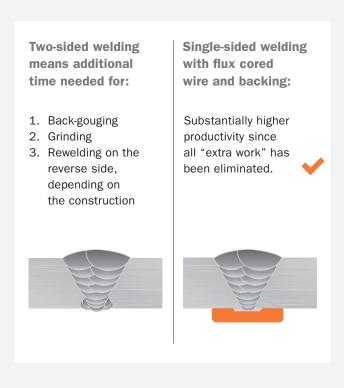
Reduced production costs

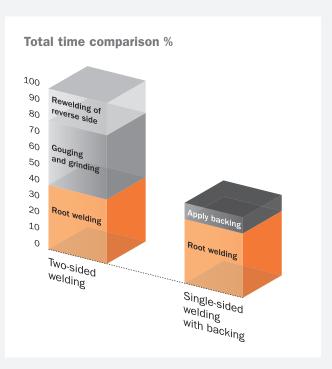
- Eliminates the need for back-gouging, grinding and weld sealing operations at the reverse side of the joint.
- No turning of heavy sections.
- Increased productivity when welding root runs in PA/1G, PC/2G and PF/3G positions.
- Simpler joint preparation and reduced set-up time, due to greater root gap tolerances.

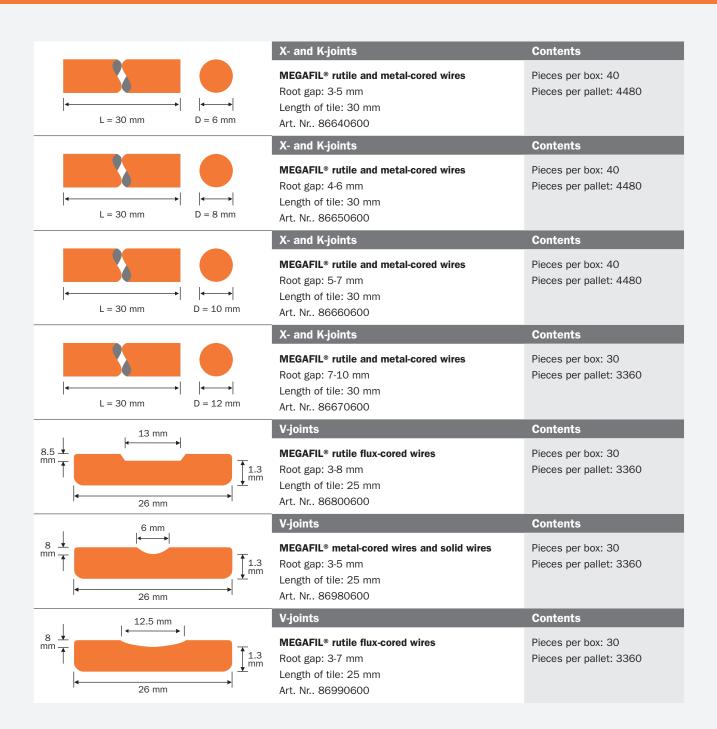
Improved quality

- Smooth, even root bead with slightly convex profile and excellent blend-in with base material.
- Ceramic material does not contain any moisture and produces no fumes. Ideal for low-hydrogen applications.
- No pollution of working environment with noise and fume from gouging, grinding and weld sealing operations.



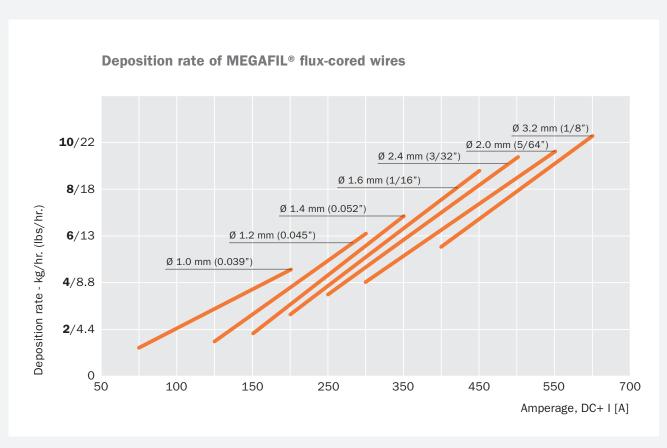


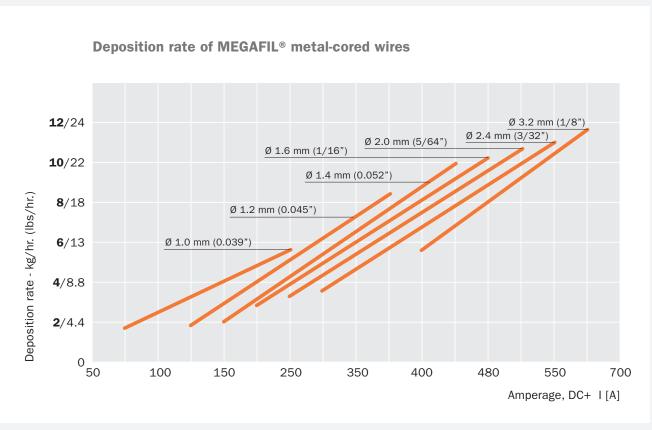




Overview of ITW Welding ceramic backing materials. All are grey ceramic backing on aluminium adhesive tape. Length per piece is 600 mm. Used for non- and low-alloyed steels and stainless steels.

Deposition Rate Flux- and Metal-Cored Wires





Welding Parameters / Welding Costs

Comparison of welding economy of V weld in PF / 3G position										
		MEGAFII	L® 713 R	SG2 / G3Si1						
wire diameter	Ø	1.2	mm	1.2	mm					
labour and overhead costs	L	40	€/h	40	€/h					
amperage	I	260	А	170	А					
deposition rate	А	5.5	kg/h	2.8	kg/h					
welding duty cycle	ED	70	%	70	%	α h				
price of welding consumable	Zp	3	€/kg*)	1	€/kg*)	s h				
weld metal recovery	E	85	%	95	%	1 1 1				
price of gas	Gp	0.006	€/I	0.006	€/I	grooving out of cap pass				
gas volumetric flow rate	Gs	12	l/min	15	l/min					
gas consumtion = 60 x GS / Ax ED	Gv	187.01	L/kgSG	459.184	L/kgSG					
gas costs = Gp x Gv	Gk	1.12	€/kgSG	2.76	€/kgSG					
welding costs = Zp / E x 100	Zk	3.53	€/kgSG	1.05	€/kgSG					
production costs = L / A x ED	Fk	10.39	€/kgSG	20.41	€/kgSG					
total costs = Fk +	Zk + Gk	15.04	€/kgSG	24.22	€/kgSG					
sheet thickness s [mm] 20.0 \times weld preparation angle α 50 \times	weight of weld [kg/m]		producti per met [kg/l			*) Price of welding consumable depending on supplied volume				
gap width b [mm] 3.0 v root height h [mm] 1.0 v	1.987	29	.75	47.	90					
weld reinforcement [mm] 2	quired wire	e quantity	[kg/mSN]]						
cap oass (if necessary) 1.0	solid or m	etal-cored wire* 2.06			2.06					
depth t [mm] 1	rutile or b	asic flux-c	ored wire	*	2.25					
width b2 [mm]	*for flux-co	red wire witl	n slag 86%,	for solid and	metal-core	d wire 96% recovery are considered				

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: metal-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.0 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

ı	Position	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2.3	4	
	1G		2-n	220 ± 20	26 ± 1	10.7		ilinanum .
	PC		1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2.3	3	Qualitation
	2G		2-n	220 ± 10	25 ± 1	10.7		
			1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2.3	4	
	PF 3G		2	120 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	3.8		
			3-n	140 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	5.1		
			1 (Root)	100 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2.9	2 (3)	
	PE 4G	weaving	2-n	120 ± 10	15 ± 1	3.8		- Contraction of the Contraction
		stringer beads	2-n	200 ± 10	24 ± 1	9.5		
	noin 4 E nom	< 5 mm		100 ± 20	14.5 ± 1	2.9		
PA 1F	min 1.5 mm	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	25 ± 1	10.7		
		> 10 mm		220 ± 20	26 ± 1	10.7		
	noin 4 E nom	< 5 mm		120 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	3.8		-M
PB 2F	min 1.5 mm	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	26 ± 1	10.7		
		> 10 mm		220 ± 20	26 ± 1	10.7		
PF	single layer			100 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	2.9		
3F	multi layer			120 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	3.8		
PD		< 5 mm		120 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	3.8		THE CONTRACT
4F		> 5 mm		220 ± 10	25 ± 1	10.7		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: metal-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.2 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

Р	osition	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	1.8	4	
	1G		2-n	240 ± 20	26 ± 1	7.1		
	PC		1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	1.8	3	Qualitation.
	2G		2-n	230 ± 10	25 ± 1	6.7		
			1 (Root)	90 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	1.8	4	
	PF 3G		2	110 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2.2		
			3-n	120 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	2.6		
			1 (Root)	100 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	2	2 (3)	
	PE 4G	weaver	2-n	130 ± 10	15 ± 1	3		and the second second
		stringer beads	2-n	220 + 10	25 + 1	6.6		
	min 1.5 mm	< 5 mm		120 ± 20	14.5 ± 1	2.6		
PA	111111 C.1 111111	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	26 ± 1	6.6		
1F		< 15 mm		240 ± 20	27 ± 1	7.1		
		> 15 mm		300 ± 20	30 ± 1	9.5		
	min 1.5 mm	< 5 mm		120 ± 10	15.5 ± 1	2.6		
PB	11111 1.5 111111	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	26 ± 1	6.6		
2F		< 15 mm		240 ± 20	27 ± 1	7.1		
		> 15 mm		300 ± 20	30 ± 1	9.5		
PF	single layer			140 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	3.2		9
3F	multi layer			160 ± 20	16.5 ± 1	3.8		
PD		< 5 mm		160 ± 20	16.5 ± 1	3.8		THE STATE OF THE
4F		> 5 mm		220 + 10	25 ± 1	6.6		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: metal-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

F	osition	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1 (Root)	100 + 10	14.5 ± 1	1.1	4 (3)	
	1G		2-n	250 ± 20	26 ± 1	3.5		illininini
	PC		1 (Root)	100 + 10	14.5 ± 1	1.1	3 (4)	THE STATE OF THE
	2G		2-n	220 ± 10	25 ± 1	2.9		
			1 (Root)	100 + 10	14.5 ± 1	1.1	4	
	PF 3G		2	120 ± 10	14.5 ± 1	1.4		
			3-n	140 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	1.6		
		< 5 mm		120 ± 20	14.5 ± 1	1.4		X
PA	min 1.5 mm	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	26 ± 1	2.9		
1F		< 15 mm		240 ± 20	27 ± 1	3.3		
		> 15 mm		300 ± 20	28 ± 1	4.2		
	min 1.5 mm	< 5 mm		120 ± 10	15.5 ± 1	1.4		
PB	111111 1.3 111111	< 10 mm		220 ± 10	26 ± 1	2.9		
2F		< 15 mm		240 ± 20	27 ± 1	3.3		Time Indiana
		> 15 mm		300 ± 20	28 ± 1	4.2		
PF	single layer			120 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	1.4		
3F	multi layer			140 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	1.6		
PD		< 5 mm		140 ± 20	15.5 ± 1	1.6		Faderance
4F		> 5 mm		220 ± 10	25 ± 1	2.9		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: rutile flux-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - rutile flux-cored wire - Ø 1.0 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

	Position	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	8.6	5	
	1G		2-n	220 ± 20	26 ± 1	11.5		
	PC		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1	4	Continuo de la continuo della contin
	2G		2-n	220 ± 20	24 ± 1	11.5		
		110	1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1	5	
	PF	t < 12 mm	2-n	200 ± 20	25 ± 1	10.4		
	3G	4. 40	1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	8.6	6	
		t > 12 mm	2-n	220 ± 20	26 ± 1	11.5		
	PE		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1	4	
	4G		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 1	11.5		
	PA 1F		1	220 ± 20	26 ± 2	11.5		
	- Strandard Lauren	t < 12 mm		200 ± 20	25 ± 1	10.4		
PB	single layer	t > 12 mm	1	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	12.8		
2F	manulai lannan		1	240 ± 20	27 ± 2	12.8		
	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	11.5		
	single laws	t < 12 mm		160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1		>
PF	single layer	t > 12 mm	1	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	11.5		
3F	multi lavor		1	180 ± 10	24 ± 1	8.6		
	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 10	25 ± 1	11.5		
	single layer	t < 12 mm		160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1		
PD	Single layer	t > 12 mm	1	220 ± 20	25 ± 1	11.5		
4F	multi lavor		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	7.1		
	multi layer		2-n	200 ± 20	24 ± 1	10.4		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: rutile flux-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - rutile flux-cored wire - Ø 1.2 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

	Position	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	5.4	6	Statement of the statem
	1G		2-n	250 ± 20	27 ± 1	9.6		
	PC		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5	5	
	2G		2-n	210 ± 20	24 ± 1	6.3		
		1.10	1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5	5	
	PF	t < 12 mm	2-n	200 ± 20	25 ± 1	6.1		
	3G	t > 12 mm	1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	5.4	6	
		(> 12	2-n	240 ± 20	26 ± 1	9.3		
	PE		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5	4	
	4G		2-n	220 ± 10	25 ± 1	6.4		and the second
	PA 1F		1	260 ± 20	27 ± 2	10.5		
	aingle laver	t < 12 mm		180 ± 20	24 ± 1	5.4		~ N
РВ	single layer	t > 12 mm	1	260 ± 20	27 ± 2	10.5		
2F	multi layer		1	260 ± 20	27 ± 2	10.5		
	muiti iayei		2-n	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	9.3		
	single layer	t < 12 mm		160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5		
PF	Jingic layer	t > 12 mm	1	200 ± 20	23 ± 2	6.1		
3F	multi layer		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5		
	maid layer		2-n	230 ± 10	26 ± 1	8.5		
	single layer	t < 12 mm		160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5		
PD	onigio layer	t > 12 mm	1	200 ± 20	24 ± 1	6.1		
4F	multi layer		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	5		
	India layer		2-n	200 ± 20	24 ± 1	6.1		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: rutile flux-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - rutile flux-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

ı	Position	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1	180 ± 10	24 ± 1	2.7	5	
	1G		2-n	250 ± 20	26 ± 1	4		
	PC		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.4	5	Community of the Control of the Cont
	2G		2-n	220 ± 10	24 ± 1	3.2		
		t < 20 mm	1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.4	5	
	PF	(< 20 111111	2-n	220 ±10	25 ± 1	3.2		
	3G	t > 20 mm	1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	2.7	5	
		t > 20 mm	2-n	240 ± 20	26 ± 1	3.8		
	PA 1F	t > 20 mm	1	300 ± 20	27 ± 2	5.3		illuminus.
	ainela lavae	t < 20 mm		240 ± 20	26 ± 1	3.8		
PB	single layer	t > 20 mm	1	280 ± 20	27 ± 2	4.9		
2F	multi lavor		1	260 ± 20	27 ± 1	4.2		
	multi layer		2-n	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	3.8		
	single laws	t < 20 mm		180 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.7		
PF	single layer	t > 20 mm	1	240 ± 20	24 ± 2	3.8		
3F	multi lavor		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.4		
	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	24 ± 1	3.2		
	single layer	t < 20 mm		180 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.7		
PD	Siligic layer	t > 20 mm	1	220 ± 20	25 ± 1	3.2		
4F	multi lavor		1	160 ± 10	22 ± 1	2.4		
	multi layer		2-n	200 ± 20	23 ± 1	3		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: basic flux-cored wires



MEGAFIL® - basic flux-cored wire - Ø 1.0 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

Р	osition	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1	200 ± 10	23 ± 1	11.5	4	
	1G		2-n	220 ± 20	26 ± 1	13		
PC			1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	10.3	3	шишиш
	2G		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 1	13		
PA	single layer	> 10 mm	1	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	14.1		
1F	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	13		
PB	single layer	> 10 mm	1	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	14.1		
2F	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	13		

MEGAFIL® - basic flux-cored wire - Ø 1.2 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

P	osition	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
	PA		1	200 ± 10	23 ± 1	8.5	4	
	1G		2-n	220 ± 20	26 ± 2	9.8		
	PC		1	180 ± 10	23 ± 1	7.3	3	annanan .
	2G		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 1	9		
PA	single layer	> 10 mm	1	250 ± 20	26 ± 2	10.5		
1F	multi layer		2-n	240 ± 20	25 ± 2	9.8		
PB	single layer	> 10 mm	1	240 ± 20	26 ± 2	9.8		
2F	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	9		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: basic flux-cored wires



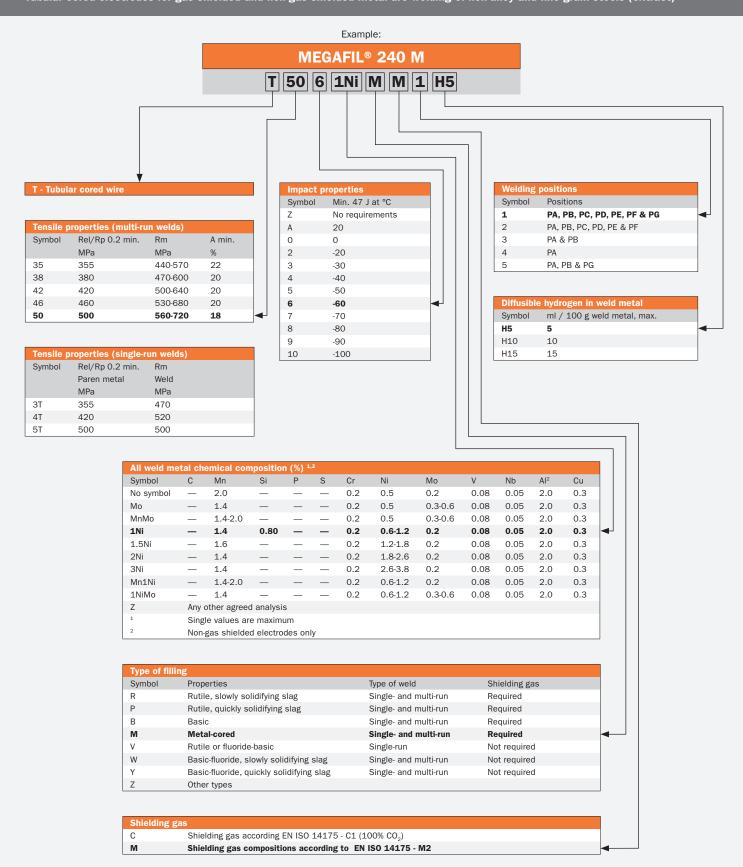
MEGAFIL® - basic flux-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; gas flow 12-18 l/min (25-38 cfh)

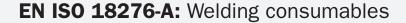
P	osition	Plate thickness	Layer	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	W Speed [m/ min]	Gap max (mm)	Symbol
PA 1G			1	200 ± 10	23 ± 1	3.9	4	<u>aunum</u>
			2-n	250 ± 20	26 ± 1	5		
PA	single layer	> 10 mm	1	300 ± 20	26 ± 2	6.2		
1F	multi layer		2-n	240 ± 20	25 ± 2	4.7		
single layer		> 10 mm	1	250 ± 20	26 ± 1	5		
2F	multi layer		2-n	220 ± 20	25 ± 2	4.2		





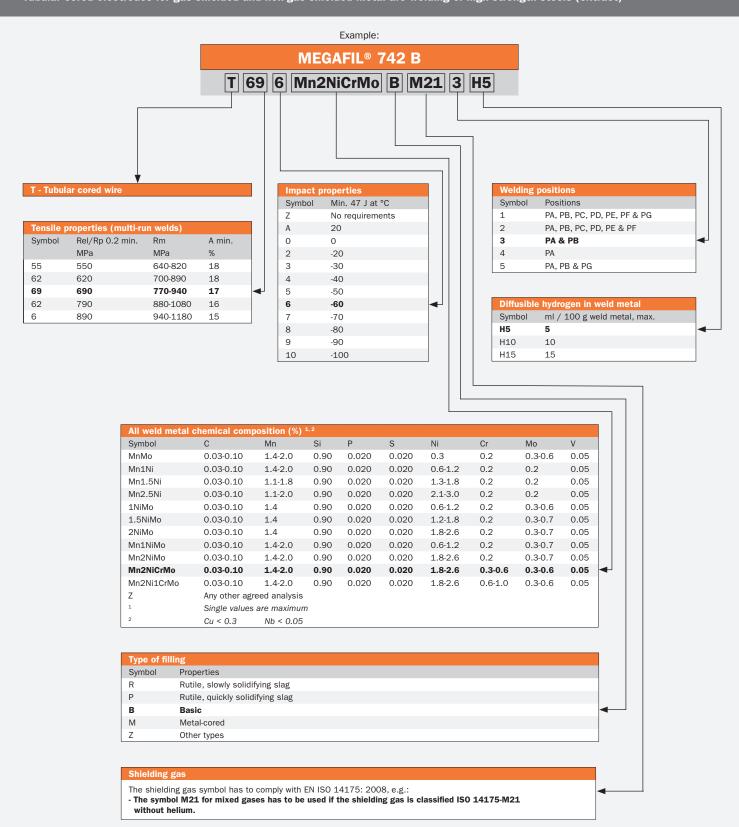
Tubular cored electrodes for gas shielded and non-gas shielded metal arc welding of non-alloy and fine grain steels (extract)







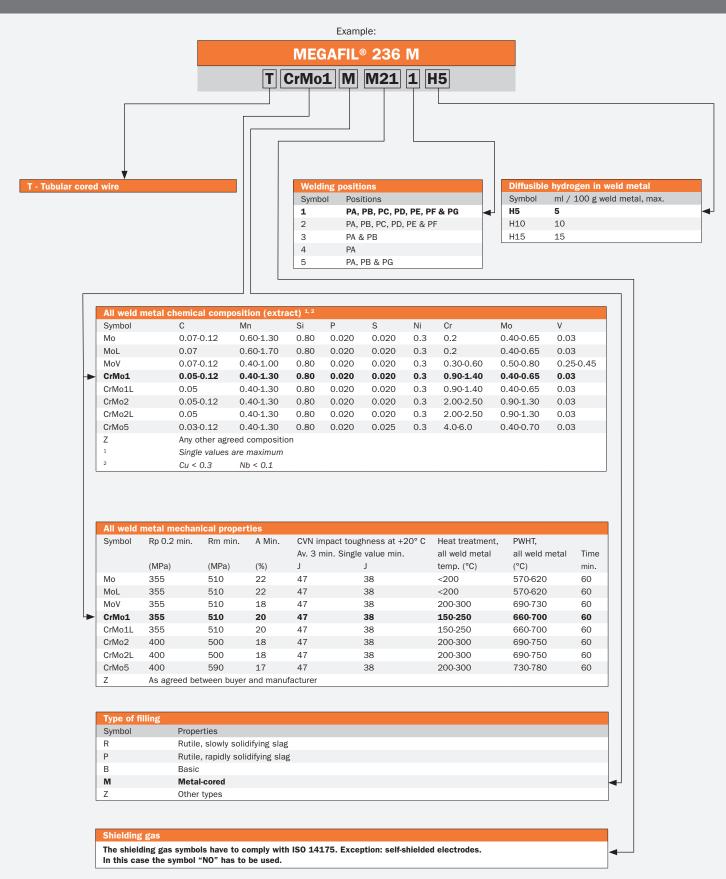
Tubular cored electrodes for gas shielded and non-gas shielded metal arc welding of high strength steels (extract)

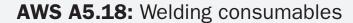






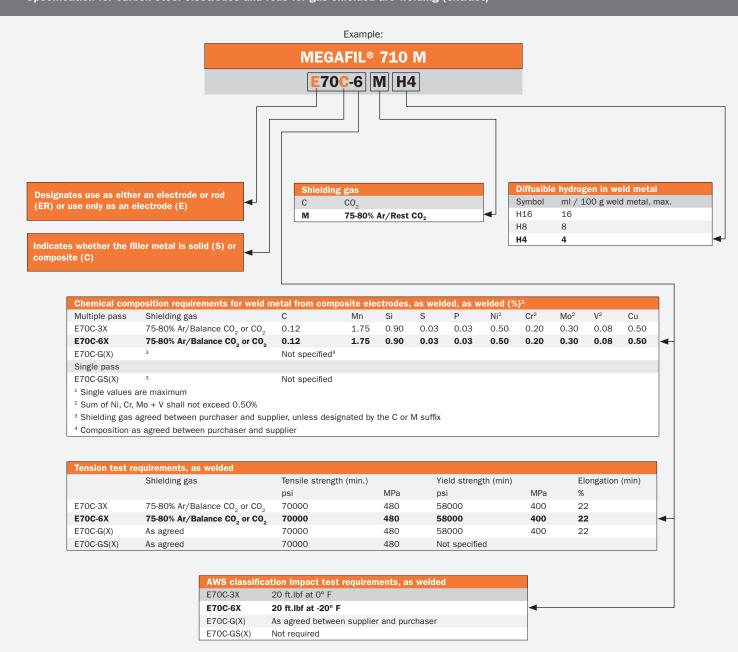
Tubular cored electrodes for gas shielded metal arc welding of creep resisting steels (extract)







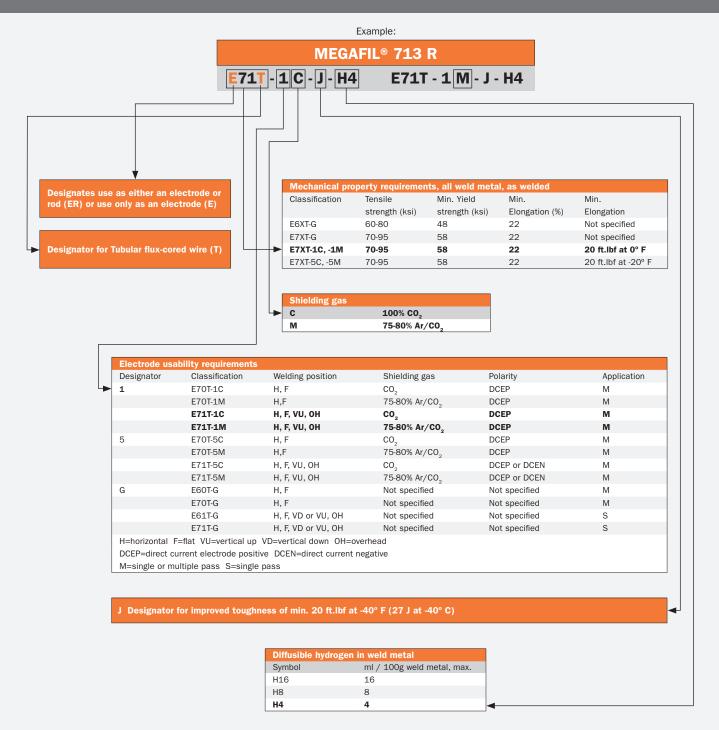
Specification for carbon steel electrodes and rods for gas shielded arc welding (extract)







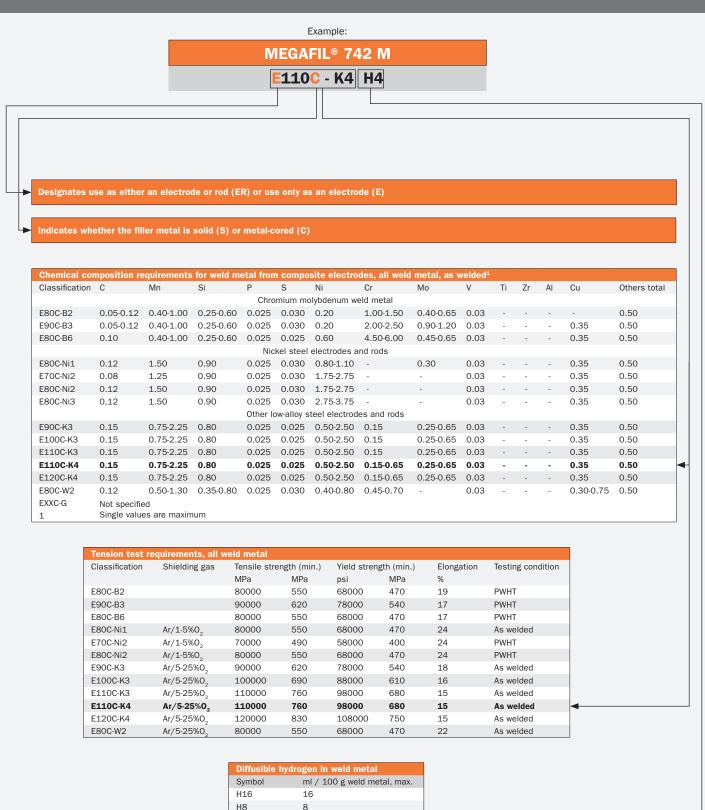
Specification for carbon steel electrodes for flux-cored arc welding (extract)



AWS A5.28: Welding consumables



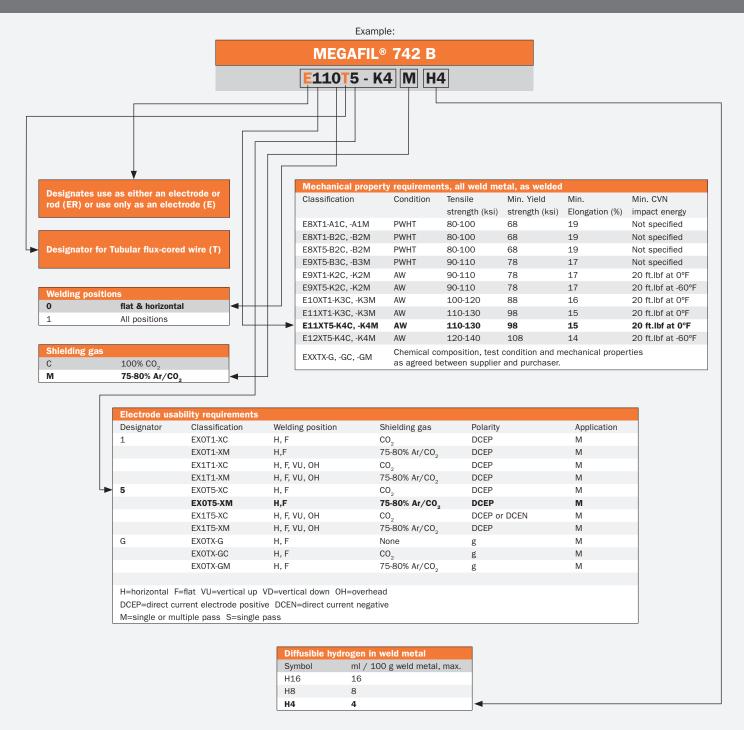
Specification for low-alloy steel electrodes and rods for gas shielded arc welding (extract)







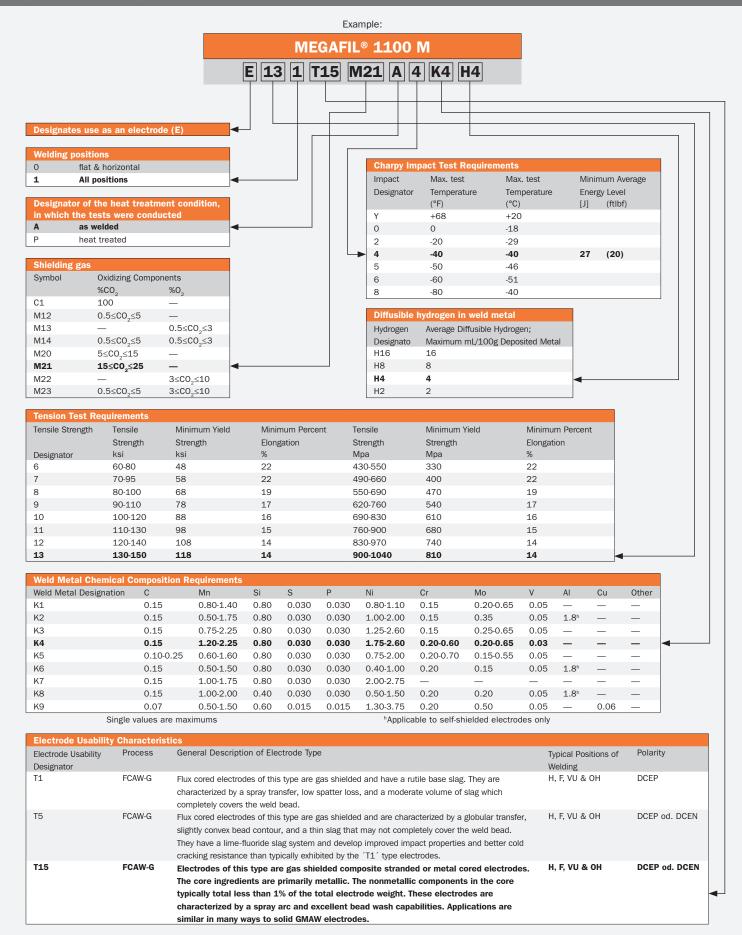
Specification for low alloy steel electrodes for flux cored arc welding (extract)



AWS A5.36: Welding consumables



Specification for carbon and low-alloy steel flux cored electrodes for flux cored arc welding and metal cored electrodes for gas metal arc welding (extract)



Hardfacing



MEGAFIL® A 220 M



EN ISO 14700: T Fe9 WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to impact and shock
- The weld metal characteristics are similar to manganese hard alloy
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Machinable weld metal
- · Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Railroad frogs
- · Transport rollers and wheels
- Rope pulleys
- · Wear parts of track vehicles

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Gas flow 12-18 I/min

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.6 mm (1/16")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.6	Nickel (Ni)	0.2
Manganese (Mn)	14.5		
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	3.8		
Molybdenum (Mo)	-		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	20 - 30	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 730 M



EN ISO 14700: T Fe1 WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS

- Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to impact
- Good reignition characteristics
- Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Machinable weld metal
- · Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Railroad frogs

APPLICATIONS

- · Transport rollers and wheels
- Rope pulleys
- · Wear parts of track vehicles

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Gas flow 12-18 l/min

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.22	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.5		
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	1.3		
Molybdenum (Mo)	-		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	25 - 35	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component

MEGAFIL® A 740 M



EN ISO 14700: T Z Fe2 **WELDING POSITIONS:**







APPLICATIONS FEATURES BENEFITS

- · Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact
- Good reignition characteristics
- Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · No buffer layer except on materials considered critical
- · Machinable weld metal
- · Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Conveyors and transport surfaces
- Tires
- · Construction equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Gas flow 12-18 I/min **SHIELDING GAS**

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.15	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.3		
Silicon (Si)	0.4		
Chromium (Cr)	5.0		
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	35 - 45	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 750 M



EN ISO 14700: T Z Fe2

WELDING POSITIONS:







FEATURES BENEFITS

- · Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · No buffer layer except on materials considered critical
- · Machinable weld metal
- · Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic and mechanized welding

APPLICATIONS

- · Conveyors and transport surfaces
- · Tires
- · Construction equipment

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Gas flow 12-18 I/min **SHIELDING GAS**

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.3	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.5		
Silicon (Si)	0.4		
Chromium (Cr)	5.5		
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	45 - 55	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 760 M



EN ISO 14700: T Fe2 **WELDING POSITIONS:**







FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- · Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact
- Good reignition characteristics
- Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · No buffer layer except on materials considered critical
- · Machinable weld metal
- · Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Bucket and loader teeth
- Conveyors
- · Crusher jaws and cones

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Gas flow 12-18 I/min **SHIELDING GAS**

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 - 1.6 mm (0.045 - 1/16")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.5	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.5		
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	6.0		
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	55 - 65	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 760 B



EN ISO 14700: T Fe2 WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact
- · Good reignition characteristics
- Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic

- · Schielding Gas C1 (100% CO2) possible
- No buffer layer except on materials considered critical
- · Machinable weld metal
- Hardening possible
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications

- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Bucket and loader teeth
- Conveyors
- · Crusher jaws and cones

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded basic flux-cored wire

 $\textbf{SHIELDING GAS} \hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{75-85\% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO}_2); \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{100\% CO}_2 \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{possible; Gas flow 12-18 I/min}$

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.2 mm (0.045")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.5	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	1.5		
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	6.0		
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	55 - 65	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 861 M



EN ISO 14700: T Fe8 WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- Superior hardness as a result of special carbides
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic
- · Weld metal machinable only by grinding
- A buffer layer is recommended for critical materials or multi-layer build up
- Well suited for wear resisting parts subject to heavy impact and shock, as well as abrasion
- Surface remains free of cracks
- · No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Welding without shielding gas possible
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Bucket and loader teeth
- Conveyors
- · Crusher jaws and cones

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Welding without shielding gas possible

Gas flow 12-18 I/min

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.6 mm (1/16")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	1.3	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	0.8	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	1.4		
Chromium (Cr)	6.5		
Niobium (Nb)	6.5		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	56 - 64	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 863 M



EN ISO 14700: T Z Fe14

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- The weld metal characteristic and structure is similar to hard chrome alloys
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic
- · Weld metal machinable only by grinding
- Sporadic cracks on the surface do not affect wear resistance
- Excellent resistance to abrasion from sand and minerals
- No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- · Welding without shielding gas possible
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Repair of mining and steel mill equipment
- Parts subject to wear in heavy engineering and agricultural industry
- Conveyors
- · Cement and concrete pumps

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Welding without shielding gas possible

Gas flow 12-18 I/min

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.6 mm (1/16")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	2.6	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	0.9	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	17		
Boron (B)	0.9		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	58 - 66	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 864 M



EN ISO 14700: T Fe13

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- · Special boron based carbides
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic
- · Weld metal machinable only by grinding
- Sporadic cracks on the surface do not affect wear resistance
- Excellent resistance to abrasion from sand and minerals
- · No re-drying
- · Suitable for robot applications
- · Welding without shielding gas possible
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Repair of mining and steel mill equipment
- · Parts subject to wear in agricultural industry,
- Conveyors
- · Cement and concrete pumps

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Welding without shielding gas possible

Gas flow 12-18 I/min

TYPE OF CURRENT
Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS
Ø 1.2 and 1.6 mm (0.045 and 1/16")

RE-DRYING
Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	0.5	Nickel (Ni)	1.5
Manganese (Mn)	1.1	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.3		
Chromium (Cr)	0.3		
Boron (B)	4.8		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	60 - 68	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

MEGAFIL® A 867 M



EN ISO 14700: T Z Fe13

WELDING POSITIONS:



FEATURES BENEFITS APPLICATIONS

- Microstructure consiting of special boron based carbides in combination with Chromium carbides
- · Good reignition characteristics
- · Virtually no slag coverage
- · Smooth arc characteristic
- · Weld metal machinable only by grinding
- Sporadic cracks on the surface do not affect wear resistance
- Excellent resistance to abrasion from sand and minerals
- No re-drying
- Suitable for robot applications
- Welding without shielding gas possible
- · Automatic and mechanized welding
- · Repair of mining and steel mill equipment
- · Parts subject to wear in agricultural industry,
- · Conveyors
- · Cement and concrete pumps

WIRE TYPE Gas shielded metal-cored wire

SHIELDING GAS 75-85% Argon (Ar)/Balance Carbon Dioxide (CO₂); Welding without shielding gas possible

Gas flow 12-18 I/min

TYPE OF CURRENT Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP)

STANDARD DIAMETERS Ø 1.6 mm (1/16")

RE-DRYING Not required due to seamless wire design

STORAGE The same conditions as for solid wire. Product should be stored in a dry, enclosed environment,

in its original undamaged packaging

WELD METAL ANALYSIS (%) (typical values for mixed gas 82% Ar / 18% CO₂)

Carbon (C)	1.8	Nickel (Ni)	-
Manganese (Mn)	0.8	Molybdenum (Mo)	-
Silicon (Si)	0.6		
Chromium (Cr)	8.1		
Boron (B)	4.2		

Hardness Rockwell (HRC)	62 - 70	The achieved hardness as well as the structure of the hardfacing depends on (among others): Base material, welding parameters, working and interpass temperature, heating up, cooling down, number of layers, hardfacing methods and shape of component.

1. What is meant by the term "Build-up Welding"?

Build up welding is used when the surface of vulnerable engine parts is damaged by abrasion wear, corrosion or heat.

Distinction according to standard:

<u>Build up:</u> Is the addition of new material or the replacement of the original worn material. The build up

material is chosen in accordance to the application demands. The characteristics are usually

similar to the base material.

Cladding: As a result of cladding it is possible to modify the surface properties to enhance the corrosion

resistance and or to prevent water.

2. Surfacing when and where?

New ConstructionRepairEconomicsEconomicsQualitySheduleAlloy PropertiesServiceability

3. What does "wear" mean?

Definition: Wear is the accelerated loss of surface material due to one or more of the following:

Galling: Adhesion or cohesion of localized areas of two bearing surfaces of metal, followed by tearing

out of small fragments from one or the other or the surfaces when they are separated.

Abrasion: Material loss due to frictonal stress such as abrasive solids sliding, rolling or rubbing again a

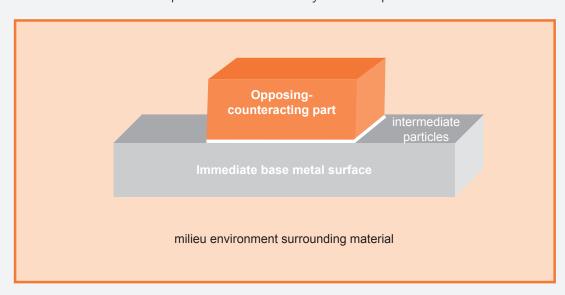
surface.

Cracking: Wear resulting from fatigue caused by strain and stress.

TRIBO mechanical

reaction: Result of corrosion.

Components of the TRIBO - System wear process



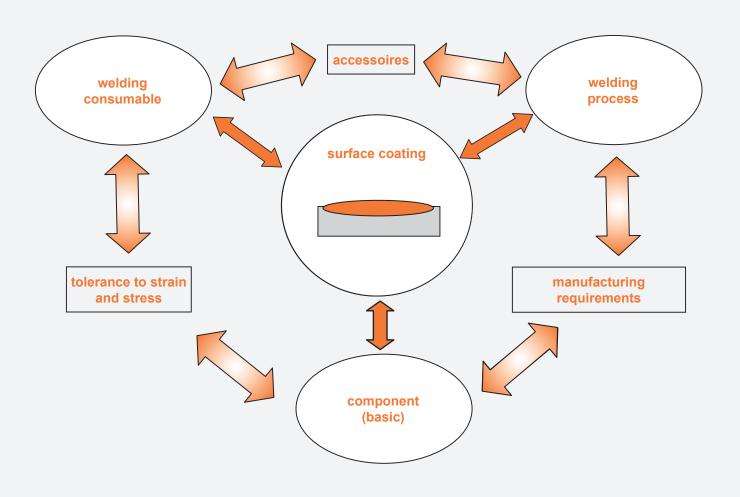
4. Practical Examples of TRIBO - Systems:

System structure	Type of wear	Application	Symbol EN 14700
Metal to metal wear	Abrasion	Rails, chutes	Fe1, Fe2, Fe3, Cu1
Rigid to friction	Import	Forging hammers	Fe9, F10, Al1, Ni2, Ni4
Edge wear Mixing wear	Impact	Dumper handle, cam shaft	Fe1, Fe2, Fe3
		Rail car wheels, frogs	Fe9, Fe10
	Rotational Rolling	Drive wheels	Fe1, Fe2, Fe3, Fe9
		Train tracks	Fe1, Fe9, Fe10
		Continous cat roller	Fe7
	Roll-compressional	Mill roller	Fe3, Fe6, Fe7, Fe8
	High - temp	Cable rolls	Fe3
		Forging dies	Fe3, Fe4, Fe6, Fe8, Co1, Co2, Co3, Ni2, Ni4
	Impact, fiction cold	Knives, shearer edges	Fe4, Fe5, Fe8, Co1, Co2, Co3
	Impact, friction hot	Hot cutting knives	Fe4, Fe3, Co2, Ni2, Ni4
	impaot, motion not	Hole punchers	Fe4, Fe3, Co2, Ni2, Ni4
Madal to gradel with grant and to		Stone crusher	Fe6, Fe8, Fe9, Fe14
Metal to metal with particulate		Hammer mills	Fe6, Fe8, Fe9
		Hammer rails	Fe6, Fe8, Fe9, Fe13, Fe14, Fe15
	land and the section	Coal & Ore grinders	Fe6, Fe8
	Impact - abrasion	Grateing & grills	Fe6, Fe8, Fe13, Fe14, Fe15, Fe16
		Coal crushers	Fe13, Fe14, Fe15
		Wear plate	Fe8, Fe13, Fe14, Fe15
		strike plate	Fe13, Fe14, Fe15
		Plough share	Fe15, Fe20, Ni20
Metal to particle with pressure and impact	Impact - abrasion	Discharing table, chute	Fe14, Fe15, Fe20, Ni20
		Wearing sheet	Fe14, Fe15, Ni1, Ni2, Ni3, Ni4, Ni20

5. Practical Examples of TRIBO - Systems:

System structure	Type of wear	Application	Symbol EN 14700
Matalanasatalanasa		Extruders	Fe14, Fe15, Fe20, Ni1, Ni3, Ni20, Co2, Co3, Cr1
Metal to metal wear Particulates and Surface pressure		Transport screws	Fe14, Fe15, Fe20, Ni1, Ni3, Ni20, Co2, Cr1
		Mixing plates	Fe15, Fe20, Ni20
	Absocias	Shredder	Fe6, Fe2, Fe8
	Abrasion	Plow blades	Fe2, Fe6, Fe8, Fe20, Ni20
		Mixing paddles, Mixer walls	Fe6, Fe8, Fe14, Fe20, Ni1, Ni3, Ni20
		Grinders& components	Fe6, Fe8, Fe14, Ni1, Ni3
		Mill roller, Compression molds	Fe14
Metal to particulate with gas		Blast furnance vents	Fe6, Fe7, Fe8
ivietai to particulate with gas		Charging furmacevents	Fe6, Fe3, Fe8, (Fe16)
_		Coal & Ore grinders	Fe15, Fe16
42.10	Particle abrasion T≥500°C	Grateing and grills	Fe7, Co1, Co2
		Coal crushers	Fe10, Fe15, Fe16, Fe20, Ni1, Ni2, Ni3, Ni4, Ni20
		Wear plate	Fe15, Fe16
		Fan, strike plate	Fe14, Fe15, Fe20, Ni1, Ni3, Ni20
Metal to particulate		Jet- pipe. wearing sheet	Fe14, Fe15
Pressure and impact	Fluid wear	Marine dredger sliding, slag	Fe6, Fe8
	Fluid erosion	Hydraulic pump	Fe6, Fe7, Fe8, Ni1, Ni3
		Mixer	Fe6, Fe7, Fe8
	Corrosion with erosion	Screw propeller	Cu1
	Corrosion with erosion	Hydraulic turbine	Fe7, Cu1
Motol to Swidit	Correction acquitation	Chemical apparatus	Fe7, Fe11, Fe12
Metal to fluidity	Corrosion, cavitation	Sealing surface	Fe7, Co1, Co2, Co3

6. Selection criteria



7. The following 5 basic questions are helpful to choose:

Weldment Composition: It is a solid form (a metal for example), determined by physical form method, dimension

surface characteristics, hardness, microstructure, working temperature?

Oppsite medium: Is it a solid, fluid or a gas? Is it a solid form such as metal, mineral, wood or plastic, can be

determined by physical appearance?

Intermediate medium: Possibly hard particles (wear particles) fluid (abrasive) or gaseous?

Note: Minerals can be either an opposite or intermediate.

Movement: The effect can be determined by the type of wear (flow, rolling or impact) and the duration

(constant or movement) and the length of service (constant, variation, slow or fast).

Stress: Determined by the type of stress (stationary, rotational, impact, length of stress).

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: metal-cored wires



MEGAFIL® A 220 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode
PA		170	17	2.5	globular transfer
PA		190	21	2.8	globular transfer
PA		210	23	3.6	globular transfer
PA	20	230	22-28	3.8	globular / spray
PA		250	25-28	4.5	globular / spray
PA		280	26-30	5	globular / spray
PA		300	31-33	5.6	globular / spray

MEGAFIL® A 730 M, A 740 M, A 750 M, A 760 M - metal-cored wires - Ø 1.2 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% $\rm CO_2$

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode
PA/PC/PF		80	14	1.7	short arc
PA/PC/PF		100	15.1	2.2	short arc
PA/PC/PF		120	15.4	2.9	short arc
PA/PC/PF		140	16	3.5	globular transfer
PA/PC/PF		160	18.3	4.4	globular transfer
PA	20	180	20.1	5.3	globular transfer
PA		200	21.4	6.1	globular transfer
PA		220	23-29	6.9	globular / spray
PA		240	25-30	8.4	globular / spray
PA		260	30	9.6	spray arc
PA		280	31	10.4	spray arc
PA		300	32	10.9	spray arc

MEGAFIL® A 760 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode	
PA/PC/PF		100	15.8	1.1	short arc	
PA/PC/PF		120	16	1.3	short arc	
PA/PC/PF		140	16.2	1.6	short arc	
PA/PC/PF		160	16.5	1.9	short arc	
PA		180	16.7	2.3	short arc	
PA		200	17	2.6	globular transfer	
PA		220	18-24	3	globular transfer	
PA	20	240	24-27.5	3.4	globular / spray	
PA		260	27.6	3.8	spray arc	
PA		280	28	4.1	spray arc	
PA		300	28.5	4.8	spray arc	
PA		330	29	5.3	spray arc	
PA		360	31	6.2	spray arc	
PA		390	33	7	spray arc	
PA		420	34	7.6	spray arc	

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: basic flux-cored wires



MEGAFIL® A 760 B - basic flux-cored wire - Ø 1.2 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO,

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode		
PA		130	20	4.2	globular transfer		
PA		150	22	6	globular transfer		
PA		190	23	8	globular transfer		
PA	20	230	26	10	globular transfer		
PA		250	26-29	12	globular / spray		
PA		280	28-30	14	globular / spray		
PA		300	28-31	16	globular / spray		

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: 8 series – metal-cored



MEGAFIL® A 861 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode	
PA		160	18	2.3	globular transfer	
PA		180	18.5	2.6	globular transfer	
PA		200	22	3	globular transfer	
PA	20	220	22-23 3.4		globular transfer	
PA		240	24	3.9	globular transfer	
PA		260	29	4.2	spray arc	
PA		280	31	4.6	spray arc	
PA		300	31-32	5	spray arc	
PA		350	33	6.5	spray arc	

MEGAFIL® A 863 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode	
PA		160	16.5	2.5	globular transfer	
PA		190	18.5	3.2	globular transfer	
PA		220	22	4.1	globular transfer	
PA	20	240	24.5	4.5	globular transfer	
PA	20	260	27	4.9	globular transfer	
PA	300		28	5.7	globular transfer	
PA		350	31	7.8	spray arc	
PA		350	35	7.8	globular transfer	

MEGAFIL® Welding parameters - guidance values: 8 series – metal-cored



MEGAFIL® A 864 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.2 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode	
PA		140	20 5.4 glo		globular transfer	
PA		160	22	6.2	globular transfer	
PA		180	23-24	7.2	globular transfer	
PA	18-20	200	24	8.1	globular transfer	
PA		220	25-26	9.7	globular transfer	
PA		240	26	10.5	globular transfer	
PA		240	34	10.5	spray arc	
PA		260	27	12	globular transfer	
PA		260	36	12	spray arc	

MEGAFIL® A 864 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO,

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode		
PA		160	18.5	2.6	short arc		
PA		190	21	3.4	globular transfer		
PA		220	23	4.1	globular transfer		
PA	20	240	25	4.7	globular transfer		
PA		260	27	5.4	globular transfer		
PA		260	31	5.4	spray arc		
PA		300	28	6.3	globular transfer		
PA		300	32	6.3	spray arc		

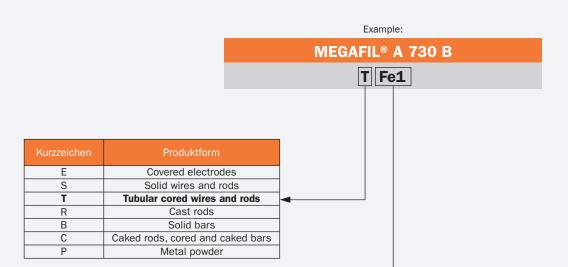
MEGAFIL® A 867 M - metal-cored wire - Ø 1.6 mm; shielding gas 82% Ar - 18% CO₂

Position	Stickout mm	Amperage [A]	Voltage [V]	Wire feeding [m/ min]	Arc type / transfer mode		
PA		140	18.2	2.4	short arc		
PA		160	18.8	3	short arc		
PA		180	20-21	3.6	globular transfer		
PA	20	200	23-24	4.3	globular transfer		
PA		240	26-33	5.6	globular / spray		
PA		280	33	6.5	spray arc		
PA		350	30-35	9.4	globular / spray		
PA]	400	34-37	11.5	globular / spray		

EN ISO 14700: Welding consumables



Welding consumables for hardfacing



	Allerations	A collection		Chemical composition (%) ° (m/m)											
	Alloy type	Application	С	Cr	Ni	Mn	Mo	W	V	Nb	Fe	Co	Cu	Al	Others
▶	Fe1	р	≤ 0.4	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 4.5	≤ 1	≤ 1	≤ 1	_	Rest	_	_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe2	p (g) (s)	0.4 - 1.5	≤ 7	≤ 1	≤ 3	≤ 4	≤ 1	≤ 1	_	Rest	≤ 1	≤ 1	_	Si, Ti
	Fe3	s t	0.1 - 0.5	1 - 15	≤ 5	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 10	≤ 1.5	≤ 3	Rest	≤ 13	_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe4	st(p)	0.2 - 1.5	2 - 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 10	≤ 20	≤ 4	_	Rest	≤ 5	_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe5	cpstw	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.1	17 - 22	≤ 1	3 - 5	_	_	_	Rest	10 - 15	_	≤ 1	Si, Ti
	Fe6	gps	≤ 2.5	≤ 10	_	≤ 3	≤ 3	_	_	≤ 10	Rest		_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe7	cpt	≤ 0.2	11 - 30	≤ 6	≤ 3	≤ 2	_	≤ 1	≤ 1	Rest	_	_	_	Si, N
	Fe8	gpt	0.2 - 2	5 - 20	_	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 10	Rest		_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe9	k p (n)	≤ 1.2	≤ 20	≤ 5	9 - 20	≤ 2	_	≤ 1		Rest	_	_	_	Si, Ti
	Fe10	c k p z (n)	≤ 0.25	17 - 22	7 - 11	3 - 8	≤ 1.5	_	_	≤ 1.5	Rest		_	_	Si
	Fe11	c n z	≤ 0.3	17 - 32	8 - 20	≤ 3	≤ 4	_	_	≤ 1.5	Rest	_	_	_	Si, Cu
	Fe12	c n (z)	≤ 0.12	17 - 27	9 - 26	≤ 3	≤ 4	_	_	≤ 1.5	Rest		_	_	Si
	Fe13	g	≤ 1.5	≤ 7	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 4	_	_		Rest	_	_	_	Si, B, Ti
	Fe14	g (c)	1.5 - 4.5	25 - 40	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 4	_	_	_	Rest	_	_	_	Si
	Fe15	g	3 - 7	20 - 40	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2	_	_	≤ 10	Rest	_	_	_	Si, B
	Fe16	g z	4 - 8	10 - 40	_	≤ 3	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	Rest	_	_	_	Si, B
	Fe17	ckpv	≤ 0.3	≤ 20	≤ 5	8 - 20	≤ 2	≤ 0.3	_	_	Rest	10 - 15		_	Si
	Fe20	cgtz	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	Rest	_	_	_	hard fillerb
	Ni1	cpt	≤ 1	15 - 30	Rest	≤ 1	≤ 6	≤ 2	≤ 1	_	≤ 5	_		_	Si, B
	Ni2	ckptz	≤ 0.1	14 - 30	Rest	≤ 1.5	10 - 30	≤ 8	≤ 1	≤ 5	≤ 10	≤ 5	_	_	Si, Ti
	Ni3	cpt	≤ 1	≤ 15	Rest	≤ 1	≤ 6	≤ 2	≤ 1		≤ 5	_		_	Si, B
	Ni4	ckptz	≤ 0.1	1 - 20	Rest	≤ 1.5	≤ 30	≤ 8	≤ 1	≤ 5	≤ 3	≤ 15	_	≤ 3	Si, Ti
	Ni20	cgtz		_	Rest		_		_	_	_	_		_	hard fillerb
	Co1	cktz	≤ 0.6	20 - 35	≤ 10	0.1 - 2	≤ 10	≤ 15	_	≤ 1	≤ 5	_	_	_	Si
	Co2	t z (c) (s)	0.6 - 3	20 - 35	≤ 4	0.1 - 2	_	4 - 10	_		≤ 5	_		_	Si
	Co3	t z (c) (s)	1 - 3	20 - 35	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 1	6 - 15	_		≤ 5	_	_	_	Si
	Cr1	g n	1 - 5	Rest	_	≤ 1	_	_	15 - 30	_	≤ 5	_		_	Si, B, Zr
	Cu1	c (n)		_	≤ 6	≤ 2	_	_	_	_	≤ 5	_	Rest	7 - 15	Sn
	Cu2	c (n)	_	_	≤ 6	≤ 15	_	_	_	_	≤ 5	_	Rest	≤ 9	Sn
	Al1	c n	_	_	10 - 35	≤ 0.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	≤ 6	Rest	Si
	Z	_						any othe	r agreed a	analysisa					

- c: non-corrosive
- g: non-abrasive
- k: likely to strain hardening
- n: non-magnetizable
- p: impact resistant
- s: cuttable
- v: cavitation resistant
- t: creep resistant
- z: scale resistant
- w: temperhardened
- () evt. not applicable for all listed alloys
- $^{\rm a}$ alloys that are not listed in this table should be characterized similarly by putting the prefix "Z" in front

^b crushed or spheric fused tungsten carbides or sintered tungsten carbides

° the listed single values are maximum values

Approval Certificates



Approval Certificates

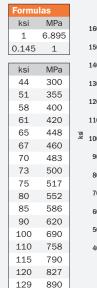


Conversion Charts

Toughness

Conversion J - ft-lbs ft-lbs J 1.356 220 200 20 180 30 160 37 40 140 47 120 50 60 100 70 80 80 60 100 120 140 160 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 280 300 180

Strength

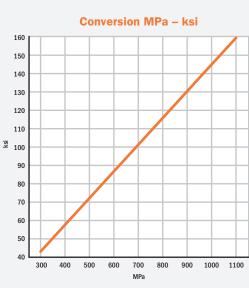


145

160

1000

1100



Temperature (Low)

°F=°C * 9/5+32 °C=(°F-32)*5/9 °F °C -321 -196 -148 -100 -120 -84 -112 -80 -100 -73 -80 -62 -76 -60 -60 -51 -58 -50 -50 -46 -40 -40 -20 -29 -4 -20 0 -18 32 0 50 10 68 20

1

0.738

ft-lbs

15

22

27

30

35

37

44

52

59

66 74

89

103

118

133

148

162

177

192

207

221

200

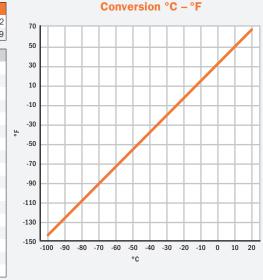
220

240

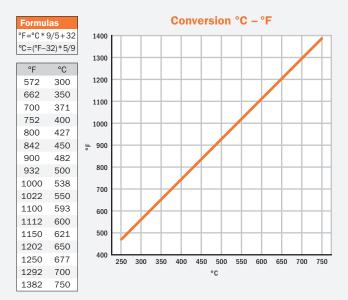
260

280

300



Temperature (High)





ITW Welding GmbH Spechttal 1a DE - 67317 Altleiningen Germany

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